

CANADA

PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA

IN THE MATTER OF THE
FATALITY INVESTIGATIONS ACT
S.N.S. 2001, c. 31

THE DESMOND FATALITY INQUIRY

TRANSCRIPT

HEARD BEFORE: The Honourable Judge Warren K. Zimmer

PLACE HEARD: Guysborough, Nova Scotia

DATE HEARD: February 5, 2020

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1 February 5, 2020

2 COURT OPENED (10:02 HRS.)

3

4 THE COURT: Good morning.

5 COUNSEL: Good morning, Your Honour.

6 THE COURT: Dr. Rahman, could you return to the stand,
7 please? Good morning. Dr. Rahman is still under oath. He was
8 excused yesterday afternoon at the close of the evidentiary
9 session.

10 Mr. Rogers?

11 MR. ROGERS: Thank you, Your Honour.

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1 **DR. FAISAL RAHMAN**, previously affirmed, testified:

2
3 **CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. ROGERS**

4
5 **MR. ROGERS**: Dr. Rahman, I introduced myself to you
6 earlier this week. I'm Rory Rogers, counsel for the Nova Scotia
7 Health Authority. Good morning.

8 **A.** Yes, good morning.

9 **Q.** Doctor, you indicated in your testimony yesterday that
10 on the night of January 1st there were beds available on the
11 psychiatric ward or the Mental Health and Addictions Ward on the
12 third floor of St. Martha's Hospital. Is that correct?

13 **A.** Yes, correct.

14 **Q.** And it may be obvious given your position, but can you
15 tell us why it is you were aware that there were beds available
16 on the third floor of St. Martha's that night of January 1st?

17 **A.** Because I was on call and usually the on-call person
18 is aware of how many beds do they have on the inpatient
19 psychiatric unit. I think that was the reason ...

20 **Q.** Okay. Thank you.

21 **A.** I knew about it.

22 **Q.** Now in addition to that you also referenced yesterday

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Mr. Rogers

1 that even if there were not beds available - I appreciate that
2 you testified that there were - that in any event there's a
3 provincial policy which you described as psychiatric beds
4 available on a provincial level. What do you mean by that?

5 **A.** Yes. So that happens regularly, not only in St.
6 Martha's in our Eastern Zone but all across Nova Scotia
7 hospitals, that psychiatry beds are provincial beds. So in case
8 a patient needs to be hospitalized or needs to stay in the
9 hospital and there's no bed available in that particular
10 facility we will find a bed for that person in the province.

11 **Q.** Is that's what's referred to as the patient flow bed
12 management system?

13 **A.** Yes.

14 **Q.** So if a patient needs a psychiatric admission at St.
15 Martha's and there are no beds available what's the process for
16 them determining how to access a psychiatric bed elsewhere in
17 the province?

18 **A.** So now we have this process and system that there's a
19 central number that we call and they keep the numbers to keep
20 the tabs where are the beds available. And we get the
21 information from them and then we contact the specific facility.
22 This is more formal now, but even in the past, in the last 15

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Mr. Rogers

1 years, even when the system was not there the psychiatrist used
2 to contact different hospitals nearby and talk to the on-call
3 psychiatrist themselves and used to make sure that if there's a
4 bed available we would (unclear).

5 Sometimes there's no bed available in the province. Then we
6 keep people in the emergency room or somewhere safe where they
7 can be monitored safely until there's a bed available.

8 **Q.** Thank you, Doctor. And yesterday you testified that
9 as a result of that availability of psychiatric beds at a
10 provincial level there are three patients from Halifax who are
11 currently in St. Martha's. Is that through the process you
12 indicated?

13 **A.** Absolutely, yes.

14 **Q.** And you talked about admitting somebody to a
15 psychiatric ward or a mental health and addictions ward. Is
16 there a provincial-wide policy with respect to admissions
17 criteria into psychiatric wards?

18 **A.** Yeah, there's criteria, but usually if a psychiatrist
19 assesses the patient and we talk to the other psychiatrist where
20 there's a bed available we have a discussion. And usually one
21 psychiatrist decides. The other psychiatrist reciprocates. And
22 it's the (honour?), also, to kind of take on the care of the

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Mr. Rogers

1 patient.

2 So it's a professional courtesy, also, that if somebody has
3 ... a psychiatrist has assessed a patient and if they need an
4 inpatient hospitalization, usually that's what is needed
5 provided the bed is available elsewhere, and the psychiatrist at
6 the other facility most of the time accepts the patient.

7 **Q.** Thank you, Dr. Rahman. Next, we know that Lionel
8 Desmond on January 1st of 2017 came into St. Martha's Emergency
9 Department presenting with a mental health issue, but in your
10 testimony yesterday you referenced an alternative means of
11 obtaining some assistance or help and you referenced a
12 provincial telephone crisis service. Can you tell the Inquiry
13 what that is?

14 **A.** Yeah, we have a crisis service, a mental health crisis
15 line, available now since last year. Not exactly sure about the
16 date, but there's a phone number where patients can call, or
17 anybody can call, if they're in crisis if they need mental
18 health. Or they have option to present to any emergency room
19 near by or call 9-1-1. But there's a specific number for mental
20 health crisis now.

21 **Q.** And so that's a 1-888-number?

22 **A.** Yes, 1-888, yeah.

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Mr. Rogers

1 **Q.** And that links them to what service and what trained
2 personnel, to your knowledge?

3 **A.** Well, I think the personnel there are social workers
4 and therapists and maybe some nurses also. I'm not sure of the
5 specific complement of the staff there but they are
6 professionally well trained in mental health issues. They
7 receive the call and they discuss the patient's situation and
8 sometimes patient just need to talk to somebody. Issues are
9 resolved.

10 And then they decide, advise and recommend the individual
11 who is calling about the disposition plan, that could we go to
12 the ER or come to the hospital. Or probably they just ... it is
13 all it would be and then ... or they can be referred to
14 outpatient mental health in the area where they are calling
15 from.

16 **Q.** So that service is then available 24/7?

17 **A.** Yes.

18 **Q.** And it's staffed with specialized staff with mental
19 health training. Is that fair?

20 **A.** I believe so.

21 **Q.** Okay. Thank you.

22 You also referred at some length yesterday to an evolution

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Mr. Rogers

1 in process by which paper records in mental health and
2 addictions have been digitized or made available in an
3 electronic format. How long has that process been ongoing to
4 take mental health and addiction paper records and converting
5 those into a means to have them available electronically?

6 **A.** I think it's still in the process. It has been going
7 on for as long as I can remember, a couple of years, and it's
8 called Provincial Scanning Project. I think we are launching it
9 in spring of 2020 with full force, I believe. So I don't know
10 the specifics, again, how long it's going to take, but the
11 process has started. Some of the charts have been scanned.

12 Like, as I told yesterday, that I think mid-2017 this has
13 been happening, but not all charts are electronic. They are
14 moving towards electronic charting. A lot of charts have been
15 scanned so I think it's in the process. I don't know the
16 specifics.

17 **Q.** So is it fair to say that some of those paper mental
18 health and addiction records have over the past approximately
19 two years been moved into an electronic format?

20 **A.** Absolutely.

21 **Q.** And at some point this year the plan is to go live or
22 have all of the paper mental health and addictions records in

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Mr. Rogers

1 the province available electronically. Is that your
2 understanding?

3 **A.** That is my understanding.

4 **Q.** Okay. And so when we think of the type of records
5 you're talking about you referred yesterday to the consult note
6 of Dr. Slayter from Lionel Desmond's visit on December 1 of 2016
7 and that was the record, I believe you said, you had an
8 opportunity to review before you went down and saw Lionel
9 Desmond on the night of January 1st? Is that correct?

10 **A.** Yes, correct.

11 **Q.** And that record, that note that was prepared by Dr.
12 Slayter, is that one of the types of paper records from mental
13 health and addictions that either now has been scanned and made
14 available electronically or will be sometime this year?

15 **(10:12:04)**

16 **A.** Yes, I believe so. This is my understanding.

17 **Q.** I think I said December 1st. It may be December 2nd
18 but that's the note that you saw. Correct?

19 **A.** December 2nd, yeah.

20 **Q.** Thank you.

21 **A.** And I should add that previously we used to have,
22 like, inpatient charts when we had to dictate them. We had to

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Mr. Rogers

1 get a physical chart and go through the chart in order to
2 dictate the chart summaries. So now, because I do inpatient
3 mostly, now I can sit in my room on my computer. I can put in
4 the number, the record number, and the whole chart is scanned in
5 the computer.

6 So that's a real advantage for me to just sitting in my
7 room. You know, I don't have to go anywhere. And the whole
8 chart. Whether it's handwritten notes, nursing notes and
9 occupational therapy notes, I believe, are in the system. They
10 are typed already in the system, but the other physician notes
11 and some of the other stuff which is handwritten is also
12 scanned. So that's what I have seen in the last couple of
13 years.

14 **Q.** And, Dr. Rahman, the Inquiry has heard reference in
15 some detail to the plan for One Patient One Record, an
16 electronic chart that would be available ...

17 **A.** Yeah.

18 **Q.** ... more generally. Is the process that you've
19 described - taking the mental health and addictions records and
20 having that available in electronic form - separate and distinct
21 from the goal of moving to One Patient One Record?

22 **A.** I think it is moving toward One Patient One Record.

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Mr. Rogers

1 Q. Okay.

2 A. I think these are the steps.

3 Q. Okay. Thank you.

4 A. Yeah.

5 Q. You also made reference to the mental health crisis
6 team at St. Martha's.

7 A. Yeah.

8 Q. And you identified that currently that service is
9 available with specialized staff and psychiatrists typically on
10 a 9 to 6 basis. Correct?

11 A. The crisis team with the psychiatrist but there's an
12 on-call psychiatrist 24/7.

13 Q. Sure, and I'll talk about the psychiatrist in a
14 moment, but in terms of the availability of the service at 9 to
15 6, that's the availability of the specialized staff, either a
16 nurse with special mental health training or social workers with
17 mental health training. Is that correct?

18 A. Correct.

19 Q. And I think yesterday you indicated that currently at
20 St. Martha's the mental health crisis team has a complement of
21 three specialized staff. Is that correct?

22 A. Yes. Yeah.

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Mr. Rogers

1 **Q.** At the time of Mr. Desmond's visit to the Emergency
2 Department in January of 2017 was the complement smaller?

3 **A.** I don't have the recollection. I think there were
4 three people.

5 **Q.** Okay.

6 **A.** Two or three. Yes, that's what I remember.

7 **Q.** And we probably will have some evidence in terms of
8 the change ...

9 **A.** Yeah.

10 **Q.** ... in complement, but is it your recollection that
11 the complement has evolved from one specialized staff at one
12 point ...

13 **A.** Yes.

14 **Q.** ... now to three?

15 **A.** Yes, absolutely. I remember the times when we did not
16 have any crisis team.

17 **Q.** Yes.

18 **A.** So the psychiatrist used to be ... we used to be on
19 call during daytime also, and the ER or anybody would call us
20 directly and it used to be quite difficult if you're doing
21 inpatient or if you book patients in the outpatients and then
22 there's an emergency call on top of that. The crisis team, then

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Mr. Rogers

1 we had a crisis worker, with one worker, and then I think we
2 increased to two and now we have three. We currently have two
3 working. The third one is on medical leave right now but I
4 think we are trying to ... working on that and depending upon
5 ... but the position is there. So we have evolved in that way.

6 **Q.** With that increase of the specialized staff complement
7 from one to three, there's been an associated increase in the
8 hours of availability of the service to what it currently is to
9 9 to 6. Correct?

10 **A.** Not necessarily. I can say yes, I think it used to be
11 until 5 or 4. It's now until 6, number one. Number two is that
12 not three of them are working as a crisis at the same time. It
13 depends. One or two is. Depending on how busy we are, one or
14 two are working in crisis. And we also have something which is
15 called Urgent Care Clinic that we started.

16 So Urgent Care Clinic would be the one that if the crisis
17 sees somebody and they feel that these patients can be managed
18 and not required to be there for outpatient mental health ...
19 some of them are situational crisis or somebody who needs short-
20 term interpersonal therapy or cognitive behaviour therapy on a
21 short-term basis.

22 Urgent Team can see these patients a few times, two or

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Mr. Rogers

1 three times, to resolve the issue and diffuse the situation. In
2 case they need to be seen more or on more regular basis or on
3 long-term basis, then these patients are referred to outpatient
4 mental health.

5 So in this way, it has made a difference in the workload
6 and the wait times for outpatient mental health staff who
7 actually need to see people, who actually see people who really
8 need to be seen.

9 Q. Yeah. Earlier in response to my questions you
10 indicated that in addition to the specialized staff, the nurses
11 and the social workers in the mental health crisis team, there's
12 also availability of a psychiatrist. Is that the case
13 currently?

14 A. Yes.

15 Q. Was that the case in January of 2017 when you came to
16 see Mr. Desmond?

17 A. Yes.

18 Q. So if in the evening hours after the mental health
19 crisis team is not available, or on weekends or holidays, has a
20 psychiatrist always been available on call?

21 A. Yes.

22 Q. And then the relationship between the mental health

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Mr. Rogers

1 crisis team and emergency department, describe what that
2 relationship is, if you would, Doctor. Is it a consult service
3 that the crisis team provides to the Emergency Department?

4 **A.** Yes. So with consult service, our crisis team is a
5 consult service also. So when the patient comes in they are
6 triaged and just seen by the ER physician first and then if the
7 ER physician feels that there is a need for crisis team or
8 mental health services to get involved after medically clearing
9 the patient and so forth, then we are consulted.

10 The crisis team, if they're available, they are typically
11 the ones who see the patient. Then the crisis team member works
12 with the ER physician to plan disposition and treatment and
13 disposition. But if the crisis team worker alone or in
14 collaboration with a ER physician feels that a psychiatrist
15 needs to see a patient, then a psychiatrist consult is generated
16 and we are called and we go down and see the patient.

17 I should clarify one thing that ... this has been mentioned
18 in the past also. Psychiatrist on call 24/7. We have three
19 psychiatrists and we have three family doctors who work with us
20 in our call schedule at St. Martha's. These three family
21 doctors have been doing psychiatry calls for more than 20 years
22 almost. They are very experienced and has special interest in

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Mr. Rogers

1 mental health and psychiatry. They are very much trained in
2 that.

3 But they're not alone. There's always a psychiatrist
4 behind them. So, for example, I am the one who is always on
5 call with them in case they have any issue or in case they have
6 any problem. They can always call me. And I'm available. That
7 very rarely or seldom happens that I really need to come to the
8 hospital but I'm available on the phone. If they ask me to need
9 to come to the hospital I will come in but they're so
10 experienced and they're so well versed with psychiatric
11 emergencies that we hardly need to come in. But there's
12 psychiatric backup.

13 So three psychiatrists plus three family doctors. This has
14 been in place for a couple of decades now.

15 Q. Dr. Rahman, you also indicated in your testimony
16 yesterday that you were familiar with the mental health crisis
17 team service that's provided in at least two other areas. You
18 referenced Sydney, that has some slightly additional coverage
19 over and above what's available currently at St. Martha's, and
20 you referenced Halifax also having availability. Is the
21 determination as to what services are available driven in part
22 by the need and the demand?

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Mr. Rogers

1 (10:21:53)

2 A. I think that comes into consideration. Sydney,
3 because I am the zone ... I work in those zones. So Sydney is
4 until 9 p.m. and it's over the weekend and over holidays also.
5 And it's a relatively busy ER in Cape Breton Regional Hospital.
6 And psychiatry is all stationed. The ER is in Cape Breton
7 Regional. And Halifax is busy and they have crisis team also.

8 Q. And given your zone responsibilities, would you be
9 involved in dialogue and assessment as to whether there is a
10 need or benefit to allocate more mental health and addictions
11 resources to mental health crisis teams? Is that something
12 that's part of an ongoing consideration and assessment in terms
13 of allocation of resources?

14 A. Yes. I have been part of all the negotiations from
15 not having any crisis team up until now that we have three.

16 Q. Okay. Thank you.

17 Mr. Murray asked you a number of questions that gave rise
18 to you referencing the Nova Scotia Health Authority's suicide
19 risk and assessment policy, and when Mr. Macdonald asked you
20 some questions there was specific reference to that document.
21 And at various times in your evidence I think you referenced the
22 policy as being either 2007 or 2017. It was a 2017 policy,

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Mr. Rogers

1 correct?

2 **A.** Yes, 17. Yes.

3 **Q.** Okay. Could we pull up, please, that exhibit, which
4 is Exhibit 105? Do you see that in the screen in front of you,
5 Dr. Rahman?

6 **A.** Yes. Yeah.

7 **Q.** So we see that this is titled Mental Health and
8 Addictions Policy and Procedure Suicide Risk Assessment
9 Intervention, which is abbreviated SRAI, monitoring and
10 management for mental health and addictions?

11 **A.** Correct.

12 **Q.** And we see an approval date of April 26th, 2017 and an
13 effective date of June 30th, 2017?

14 **A.** Yes, correct, yeah.

15 **Q.** Is that accurate that this would be the approval and
16 effective date of this policy?

17 **A.** I believe so, but I know that we had to train staff
18 and it was not implemented until September, at least September
19 of 2017.

20 **Q.** Okay, so given that Mr. Desmond's admission or visits
21 to St. Martha's was on January 1 and 2 of 2017, this policy
22 would not yet have been in effect. Is that fair?

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Mr. Rogers

1 **A.** That's correct.

2 **Q.** And I want to take you to the provision as to who this
3 policy applies to and you'll see that in the title box. And it
4 says, "Applies to mental health and addictions licensed
5 healthcare providers trained to complete the suicide risk
6 assessment." Is that an accurate description as to who this
7 policy applies to?

8 **A.** Yes. Yeah.

9 **Q.** So it is to specialized mental healthcare providers.
10 Fair?

11 **A.** Correct.

12 **Q.** And just to clarify that, if we go to the next page,
13 page 2 of that document, if we look under the heading of Policy
14 Statements. If we scroll down a bit.

15 **A.** Yeah.

16 **Q.** We see that it's referenced, "Licensed healthcare
17 providers," which is defined as LHP, "must assess patients/
18 clients for risk of suicide." And then if you scroll down to
19 number 2 we see it states: "When screening for suicide risk
20 reveals a patient is at risk of suicide, then a SRAI must be
21 assessed completing the SRAI tool by and limited to the
22 following licensed healthcare providers (LHPs)." And it

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Mr. Rogers

1 references registered nurses, physicians including
2 psychiatrists, psychiatry residents, social workers. And over
3 on the next page psychologists and any other clinician who is
4 responsible for the independent practice of a mental health
5 assessment.

6 **A.** Correct.

7 **Q.** And so we see that this is aimed at what's defined as
8 licensed healthcare providers. Is that fair?

9 **A.** Yes.

10 **Q.** And then in terms of a definition of who's a licensed
11 healthcare provider, can we flip to the definition section which
12 is at page 11 of the document? And at the very bottom of that
13 page is the definition of "licensed healthcare provider".

14 **A.** Mm-hmm.

15 **Q.** And we see, Dr. Rahman, that it defines that licensed
16 healthcare provider, or LHP, as registered nurses,
17 psychiatrists, psychiatry residents, social workers,
18 psychologists, and any other clinician who is a member of a
19 self-regulated health profession. And these are the key words I
20 want to take you to: " ... who is responsible for independent
21 practice of mental health and addictions assessment, treatment,
22 planning, and discharge from out-patient or community-based

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Mr. Rogers

1 mental health and addictions."

2 So, again, is it fair to say that this policy is aimed at
3 individuals in mental health and addictions with that
4 specialized knowledge and training in mental health issues?

5 **A.** It looks like that to me.

6 **Q.** Okay. Thanks. Then can we go back to page 3 of the
7 document? Under section 2.1, Dr. Rahman, it says: "All
8 licensed healthcare professionals identified in 2 above (that I
9 took you to a moment ago) must complete a training session on
10 the SRAI policy and SRAI tool."

11 In your testimony yesterday I think on one, maybe even two,
12 occasions you made reference to 94 percent of certain staff who
13 have training in this suicide assessment or suicide tool.

14 **A.** Yes.

15 **Q.** Is that reference you made to 94 percent in relation
16 to this indication of the need for training to be completed for
17 those healthcare professionals with that specialized training in
18 mental health and addictions?

19 **A.** I am not sure. My understanding, it's the mental
20 health staff, mental health and addictions staff. Licensed
21 health professionals, LHP, I don't know what the ... the ER
22 staff is included in that, all hospital included in there? I

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Mr. Rogers

1 need some clarification on that.

2 Q. I didn't see in the definition of this policy that it
3 was applying to ER staff. I thought it was applying to
4 specialized trained ...

5 A. Yes. Yeah.

6 Q. ... mental health staff.

7 A. So if that's the part, so LHP would be, then,
8 affiliated with the mental health and addictions. And that
9 would be my understanding, 94 percent of psychologists and
10 social workers and people who are affiliated with the mental
11 health and addictions services who have direct dealing with the
12 clients or would be trained for that.

13 Q. So when you talked about that 94 percent of
14 individuals who are trained those are mental health and
15 addictions personnel who have been trained in this policy and
16 the SRAI tool we'll talk about in a moment? Is that your
17 understanding when you referenced that training yesterday?

18 A. Yes.

19 Q. Okay.

20 A. Yeah.

21 Q. You talked yesterday ... and if we can scroll down to
22 item number 4 on the same page.

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Mr. Rogers

1 **A.** Yeah.

2 **Q.** This indicates that patient-client personal health
3 information can be disclosed without patient consent if there is
4 reasonable grounds to believe that sharing this information will
5 avoid or minimize an imminent or significant danger to any
6 patient or client. 4.1 says all patients, clients must be made
7 aware of this at the outset of any MHA contact. Disclosure
8 could be to family, police, or others involved in a
9 patient's/client's care.

10 You referenced in your testimony yesterday certain
11 circumstances where information of a personal health information
12 could be disclosed despite the normal privacy requirements. Is
13 this a reference to that?

14 **A.** Yes. Yeah. (Unclear) trumps all this.

15 **Q.** Okay. Then can you turn next to page 5 of the same
16 document? And section 2.2. 2.2, Dr. Rahman, is entitled
17 Assessment For Suicide Risk To Be Conducted by LHPs, or licensed
18 healthcare professionals, in MHA or mental health and
19 addictions.

20 **A.** Mm-hmm.

21 **Q.** So is it your understanding under this policy that
22 suicide assessment is to be undertaken by those specialized

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Mr. Rogers

1 mental healthcare providers?

2 **(10:31:57)**

3 **A.** Yes.

4 **Q.** And that's part of what you did in relation to your
5 assessment of Mr. Desmond on January 1 of 2017.

6 **A.** This tool was not available then.

7 **Q.** I understand.

8 **A.** But a similar help, there's a similar kind of suicide
9 risk assessment. Tools had been available through all in the
10 mental health and addictions services for a number of years.

11 **Q.** And as part of what you did on January 1st was a
12 suicide assessment or risk assessment. Fair?

13 **A.** Yes.

14 **Q.** Then if we flip over to page 15 we see an Appendix B
15 to this policy that describes suicide risk ...

16 **A.** Mm-hmm.

17 **Q.** ... monitoring level?

18 **A.** Yeah.

19 **Q.** And it flags the three types of risk that I think you
20 talked about in general terms, and you see the words that they
21 use here were low, moderate, and high. Those are sort of the
22 three standards that you referenced in your testimony yesterday.

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Mr. Rogers

1 Correct?

2 **A.** Yes, correct.

3 **Q.** Then the last document I want to take you to this is
4 what is at page ... may not have a page on the document. It's
5 the last page of this exhibit. So this is titled The Suicide
6 Risk Assessment and Intervention Tool, and there's a checklist
7 there. Is this what's referred to as the SRAI tool?

8 **A.** Yes, correct.

9 **Q.** And I appreciate this only came into effect sometime
10 in the middle of 2017. I understand from your testimony earlier
11 that there was a previous iteration of this that had been used
12 prior to this version.

13 **A.** Yes.

14 **Q.** And this version we see talks about interview risk
15 profiles, individual risk profiles, and various other headings.
16 Correct?

17 **A.** Yeah.

18 **Q.** And I know there had been some questions that had been
19 put to other witnesses with respect to whether there was any
20 consideration of access to guns or lethal methods. If you look
21 under the heading Interview Risk Profile is there a tick-box
22 that makes reference to that?

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Mr. Rogers

1 **A.** Yes.

2 **Q.** That's the one that says, "Access to lethal means"?

3 **A.** Yes. Yes, I ...

4 **Q.** Okay.

5 **A.** ... see that.

6 **Q.** In response to questions put to you yesterday, my
7 recollection is you indicated that it's not simply a question of
8 looking how many ticks or checks are in a particular box, but
9 it's necessary for you as a psychiatrist or anyone using this
10 tool to exercise their clinical judgment in making any
11 determinations or assessments? Is that fair?

12 **A.** Yes, right.

13 **Q.** So it would be fair to describe each of these boxes as
14 prompts or a mechanism to ensure that there was dialogue or
15 discussion about those areas as part of any interview with
16 someone presenting with mental health issues?

17 **A.** Yes, that is my understanding, yeah.

18 **Q.** And just to compare this to the one that we do see in
19 the St. Martha's records. If we go to Exhibit 67 and page 15
20 through 17 of the formal exhibit ... and that's one number off
21 from the number at the top of the page.

22 **THE COURT:** Just going to stop you for a second, Mr.

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Mr. Rogers

1 Rogers. We have documents and some of the documents you'll see
2 when they were entered electronically into the database that we
3 use, that you have, some of the documents that the Inquiry
4 entered, it was necessary to create page numbers for those
5 documents, and so this is for all counsel.

6 When you see a document like Exhibit 67, if you could, I'm
7 going to ask you to ignore any other page number except for the
8 page number in the top left-hand corner that we've entered so
9 that we can all be consistent on those documents. Some
10 documents may have ... and you might have a page 2. But that
11 particular document, our page 2 number, top left corner, it
12 doesn't necessarily relate to the bottom page number. And
13 there's a reason for it because of how we deal with selected
14 documents and how they're given exhibit numbers, like,
15 throughout the course of these proceedings.

16 So if we could try and remember to do that that would be
17 helpful. Sorry.

18 **THE CLERK:** Excuse me, Your Honour, also I would note
19 page 7 is a lighter copy of the document and it may be easier to
20 read.

21 **MR. ROGERS:** I had just been flagged that by my
22 colleague. So we would go to page 7, and thank you, Your

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Mr. Rogers

1 Honour, we will refer not to the page number that was entered on
2 our version but the Inquiry number. So we'll be ...

3 **THE COURT:** Thank you.

4 **MR. ROGERS:** ... looking at page 7. So if you look ...
5 Maybe we can go just to look at the entire page if we could.

6 **A.** Mm-hmm.

7 **Q.** And so you see this is a Nova Scotia Health Authority
8 mental health and addictions crisis response service mental
9 health risk assessment, and we see that it appears to be a
10 three-page document. Could we flip to page 8 for a moment? And
11 then to page 9. And we go back to page 7.

12 So we see this was a risk assessment that was completed in
13 October 24, 2016 and is it fair to say this was the form that
14 was in place at that time?

15 **A.** Yes, correct.

16 **Q.** And then if we go to page 9. And scroll out, if you
17 could, to the whole page. We see at the bottom, Dr. Rahman,
18 there's a box that also has a checklist of various items and
19 it's titled Suicide Risk Assessment. Is this the version of the
20 suicide risk assessment tool that was in place as of, I guess,
21 October of 2016 through to and including January of 2017?

22 **A.** I believe so.

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Mr. Rogers

1 **Q.** Okay.

2 **A.** Yeah. Yeah.

3 **Q.** And the version I took you to a moment ago in the 2017
4 represents a revision or enhancement to that policy and that
5 check-box. Is that fair?

6 **A.** Yes.

7 **Q.** Okay.

8 **A.** And I think there is some change in the form. So it's
9 more in-depth and detail.

10 **Q.** Okay.

11 **A.** The new form.

12 **Q.** And do you have any knowledge as to whether there is
13 work ongoing currently with respect to that form to even add
14 more requests for information or to elaborate on that form or is
15 that something you're able to comment on?

16 **A.** I don't know.

17 **Q.** Okay.

18 **A.** Wouldn't be able to comment. I should clarify
19 yesterday. There is no risk for homicide in the new form and in
20 this form. I thought there is one but there is none.

21 **Q.** Okay.

22 **A.** So I just wanted to clarify from yesterday's

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Mr. Rogers

1 statement.

2 Q. Thank you, Dr. Rahman. Those are all my questions.

3 A. Thank you.

4 **THE COURT:** Doctor, if either the old form or the new
5 form doesn't have provide particular direction with regard to
6 questions in relation to a homicidal risk how do you deal with
7 that?

8 A. We usually ask patients directly, Your Honour.

9 **THE COURT:** Do you ...

10 A. That is part of the standard psychiatric assessment.
11 They're not there but that's a standard assessment.

12 **THE COURT:** That's your standard assessment but it's not
13 the standard ... it doesn't come from the tool. It comes from
14 practice.

15 A. Correct.

16 **THE COURT:** All right. Thank you. Sorry, Ms. Miller?

17 **MS. MILLER:** Thank you, Your Honour.

18

19 **CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MS. MILLER**

20 (10:41:31)

21 **MS. MILLER:** Dr. Rahman, we met yesterday. My name is
22 Tara Miller and I am counsel representing Brenda Desmond ...

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Ms. Miller

1 **A.** Yes.

2 **Q.** ... Corporal Desmond's mother, and also Aaliyah
3 Desmond ...

4 **A.** Yes.

5 **Q.** ... that I'm sharing with my friend Mr. Macdonald.
6 His daughter.

7 I'm going to just pick up on a few questions Mr. Rogers for
8 the Nova Scotia Health Authority had asked you with respect to
9 Exhibit 105. That is, I understand it, the new policy that was
10 implemented effective June of 2017?

11 **A.** Correct, yeah.

12 **(10:42:00)**

13 **Q.** This applies to, as I understand, licensed healthcare
14 providers who have specialized training in mental health.
15 Correct?

16 **A.** Correct, yeah.

17 **Q.** But it also includes information, as I interpret it
18 ...

19 **A.** Yeah.

20 **Q.** ... if you look at page 5 of the 17-page document. It
21 also talks about initial suicide screening. I can take you to
22 that page at section 2, Suicide Risk Screening and Assessment.

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Ms. Miller

1 So it says, "Screening for suicide risk can be completed by an"
2 staff member working in a direct care role of a patient or
3 client."

4 Is it my understanding or assumption that means "hat
5 anybody in contact with a patient is able to do initial
6 screening for risk, whether they have specialized training or
7 not? And if they identify issues, then it gets referred to the
8 licensed healthcare providers with the more specialized training
9 to do the risk assessment?

10 **A.** Yeah, that's ...

11 **Q.** That's correct?

12 **A.** That is my ...

13 **Q.** Okay.

14 **A.** ... understanding, yeah.

15 **Q.** And is there any guideline for screening criteria for
16 suicide risk that can be completed by any staff member? I don't
17 see anything like that in this document. Is there another
18 document that would give criteria guideline tools for screening
19 for the suicide risk that any staff member can complete?

20 **A.** I am not aware of that. I work in inpatient mostly.
21 So when patients are discharged I know that we have LPNs and RNs
22 on the unit and this is something that maybe nursing would be

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Ms. Miller

1 able to tell you better. But when a patient is going home,
2 like, a day, say that only RNs can do the suicide risk
3 assessment tool with the patient, not the LPNs.

4 Q. Mm-hmm.

5 A. So there is a little bit of a difference somehow. I
6 don't know what LPNs can do, but LPNs, they are the ones ... any
7 staff member will be the ones who will do suicide screening or
8 suicide risk.

9 Q. Okay, but my ...

10 A. And I think that would be something that when we are
11 working in a multi-disciplinary team ...

12 Q. Yes.

13 A. ... and interacting with patients at the time at
14 whatever level of contact, if there's any indication of any
15 thoughts of harming oneself or harming others, that it's ... in
16 mental health professions it is part of their discussion. It's
17 always in the back of your mind if that risk is there or not.

18 Q. I appreciate that.

19 A. So they are somewhat trained in that and I think they
20 know what to ask.

21 Q. But that is the heart of my question in terms of this
22 document.

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Ms. Miller

1 **A.** Yeah.

2 **Q.** And my question being, is there another document that
3 identifies what the results of the suicide screening should be,
4 like what material should be covered. So if you look at ...

5 **A.** Mm-hmm.

6 **Q.** ... 2.1.2 ...

7 **A.** Yeah.

8 **Q.** ... that's an onus on any staff member to document in
9 the health record the results of the suicide screening.

10 **A.** Yeah, yeah.

11 **Q.** Is there a tool, is there a form or is this something
12 that just is done in practice and is intuitive to an individual?

13 **A.** I'm not aware of that.

14 **Q.** You're not aware of that, okay.

15 **A.** Cannot answer this question, yeah.

16 **Q.** When it does get to a stage where a suicide assessment
17 is to be done, and that is what my friend reviewed with you,
18 would be restricted to licensed health care providers of mental
19 health training, I understand from this document there's two
20 components to that. There's this suicide risk assessment and
21 intervention tool which is the final page that we looked at, the
22 checklist.

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Ms. Miller

1 **A.** Yeah.

2 **Q.** But there's also a form. Is that correct? There's a
3 more detailed form that's being worked on? I wasn't sure if I
4 understood your evidence on that point, Dr. Rahman.

5 **A.** More detailed form?

6 **Q.** Yeah.

7 **A.** Okay, yeah.

8 **Q.** And so just to help orient you, if we go back to
9 Exhibit P67, and this is the three-page crisis response service
10 mental health risk assessment form at page 7 to 9. That three-
11 page document, which we understand was in place and would've
12 applied in terms of Mr. Desmond's care, on page 9, that includes
13 a suicide risk assessment at the very bottom, the bottom third,
14 but it's a detailed form that obtains collateral information in
15 advance of ...

16 **A.** Oh yeah, okay.

17 **Q.** That's what I mean.

18 **A.** Okay.

19 **Q.** Is there another document that goes along with this
20 new policy in addition to the actual tool?

21 **A.** Oh, absolutely.

22 **Q.** Okay.

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Ms. Miller

1 **A.** Yeah, yeah. You mean, you're talking about the whole
2 form.

3 **Q.** Correct.

4 **A.** Like which the crisis nurses, they use?

5 **Q.** Correct.

6 **A.** This tool is part of that form at the end.

7 **Q.** Yes.

8 **A.** But there's a whole, I think, large four or five pages
9 of questions basically that they fill and that has evolved also
10 from that time.

11 **Q.** Okay.

12 **A.** And that's what the crisis worker doesn't see, and so
13 that form, at the end of the form, if they're referred to a
14 psychiatrist, there's a page where psychiatrists can document
15 also.

16 **Q.** Okay. So that form ...

17 **A.** So it's a much, much comprehensive form and this is
18 attached to that form.

19 **Q.** Okay, but that ...

20 **A.** Instead of this small suicide risk assessment.

21 **Q.** Thank you. That form, that comprehensive form, we
22 don't see it attached at this Exhibit P105.

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Ms. Miller

1 **A.** Oh yeah, yeah. This is just a tool.

2 **Q.** This is the tool.

3 **A.** This is probably the suicide risk assessment tool,
4 yeah.

5 **Q.** One of the things that struck me on this new tool, Dr.
6 Rahman, when we look at the suicide risk assessment on page 9 of
7 Exhibit P67, there is no reference in, I'll call it the old
8 suicide risk assessment to access to lethal means.

9 **A.** Yeah.

10 **Q.** There is now reference to that in this new tool that
11 was effective in the summer of 2017, and under "Management
12 Plan", there's also a note, "removal of lethal means".

13 **A.** Yes.

14 **Q.** So there's two components to this. Identifying if
15 there's access to lethal means which could be a gun or a knife,
16 et cetera, and then there's also a requirement in terms of a
17 management plan to address removal.

18 **A.** Yes.

19 **Q.** That's new. Correct?

20 **A.** Yes.

21 **Q.** Okay. I'm going to move off of that.

22 Yesterday in your evidence, my friend, Mr. Macdonald, asked

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Ms. Miller

1 you what you reviewed in preparation to come and give your
2 evidence here at the Inquiry both recently and then in November
3 when we were initially going to start.

4 **A.** Yeah.

5 **Q.** And you said you had reviewed the St. Martha's chart.

6 **A.** Yes.

7 **Q.** And that's the information that we have at P67.

8 **A.** Yes, yeah.

9 **Q.** Did you review, or have occasion to review, at any
10 point in preparation for your evidence, Dr. Rahman, any other
11 records? Any medical records from New Brunswick? Any medical
12 records from treatment providers? Did you ever have an
13 opportunity to take a look at any of those other records?

14 **A.** No.

15 **Q.** Okay. You indicated yesterday that your emergency
16 room chart note following the consult request from Dr. Clark,
17 you said it was longer than it would usually be.

18 **A.** Yeah.

19 **Q.** You said your two pages of notes was not usual. Why
20 was it longer? Why was it not usual to have that level of
21 detail?

22 **A.** I'm not bragging myself, first of all, but it's just

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Ms. Miller

1 that seeing a patient in the emergency room setting is much
2 different than having a full psychiatric assessment.

3 Q. Yes.

4 A. It just happened that I started to talk to Mr. Desmond
5 and there was a flow and we went into a little bit more depth
6 into his presentation and his symptoms and his history in terms
7 of his military service also, so it was a very interesting
8 experience for me. I was able ... he was very personable and we
9 were able to make a rapport and ... so when I ... I was on call.
10 I was not that busy also.

11 Usual, when they are ... you could see the emergency room
12 care record. The space in the emergency room care record is
13 pretty small where the ER physician writes and sometimes when we
14 are referred from patients who are directly coming from other
15 hospitals, that's the space that we get and we usually do that
16 much of ... you know, information is figured in that area.

17 So because we were planning to keep him in the hospital and
18 there was a chart and there were more papers and I didn't have
19 to go through the small one, so there was much space and, of
20 course, I would say Mr. Desmond, he had a history that I
21 documented. He had a history but it was not a difficult
22 assessment for me. There were no acute psychiatric symptoms

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Ms. Miller

1 there. He was clearly asking what he needed, a place to say.
2 Otherwise, he was telling his story. I could not see, in the
3 course of the discussion of 30, 40 minutes that there was some
4 acuity in the symptoms. There could be chronic symptoms but
5 acute and chronic can also happen where people can present
6 acutely. "Acutely" would be sudden and severe whereas "chronic"
7 is longstanding, long-developing syndrome.

8 **(10:52:39)**

9 Mr. Desmond had a history for about ten years and I was
10 pretty sure that besides the records that we have and I read, he
11 would have a lot of other ten-year records also, but I was
12 seeing him here and then kind of at the time situation, so what
13 I would say that it was not a difficult assessment for me,
14 although any veteran with PTSD can be complex. It's complex.
15 It is complex.

16 So in that regard, I wanted to cover as much as bases I can
17 in my note. It was almost like a ... not a full psychiatric
18 because I did not do the full symptom profile. I could not ...
19 it would take ... you know, if I go (take time?) to profile each
20 diagnosis, then ... but the diagnosis was already established
21 from viewing the previous records as well as personally
22 interviewing Mr. Desmond.

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Ms. Miller

1 So it just happened that I happened to write quite a bit on
2 that note.

3 **Q.** Is it also fair to say ... I mean you had said
4 yesterday in your evidence that in your experience with military
5 veterans, they're often treated privately in the community.

6 **A.** Yes.

7 **Q.** But there are occasions, when they are in crisis, when
8 they show up in hospital.

9 **A.** Yes.

10 **Q.** And this would certainly, to my review, qualify as
11 that exact situation. We know Lionel was being treated in the
12 community privately, but he had a crisis which landed him in the
13 hospital on his own volition on January 1st. Is that fair to
14 say?

15 **A.** Yeah, yeah.

16 **Q.** Okay.

17 **A.** So ...

18 **Q.** So that crisis, is that the same as it being acute or
19 is there a distinction?

20 **A.** There's a distinction.

21 **Q.** Okay, what is the distinction

22 **A.** Acute psychiatric symptoms would be somebody who's

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Ms. Miller

1 presenting in mania or psychosis, losing touch with reality,
2 having hallucinations. They're aggressive, they're agitated,
3 they're suicidal, their demeanour is ... there's psychomotor
4 agitation. That's a different scenario.

5 And we get patients ... it's not that we have admitted many
6 veterans on our unit, including RCMP, that were in crisis and
7 they are treated either in our department, outpatient
8 department, or in the community by a private therapist and we
9 have admitted them. We have to the point of involuntarily
10 invoking **Involuntary Psychiatric Treatment Act.**

11 Q. Yes.

12 A. Crisis is something which is, you know, there's a
13 definition, as much as I can explain to you, is a situation
14 where a normal or usual coping strategies of a person are overt
15 thereby needing or them requiring urgent support.

16 So there's a difference. That's a crisis ... situational
17 crisis. That's what actually the Honourable Judge had asked in
18 the past, that crisis. So my definition of "crisis" is ...

19 Q. Is that, yeah.

20 A. ... that, whereas acute psychiatric presentation would
21 be substance-induced psychosis.

22 Q. Fair enough. And that was not the case.

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Ms. Miller

1 **A.** Although it's not ... no, it was not the case.

2 **Q.** No.

3 **A.** But we end up certifying people who have lost touch
4 with reality, with no psychiatric history, no suicidal
5 ideations, but they're completely out of it.

6 **Q.** So with the crisis definition you've provided, you'd
7 agree with me that Lionel had gotten to a situation where his
8 usual coping strategies were over and he needed more support and
9 that would've brought him into the hospital.

10 **A.** Absolutely.

11 **Q.** Is that fair? Okay.

12 We reviewed yesterday your notes in your chart. You
13 indicated that it was never intended to be a verbatim capture of
14 the conversation you had ...

15 **A.** Yeah, yeah.

16 **Q.** ... with Corporal Desmond which you said took place
17 over 30 to 40 minutes. There were a number of items, they were
18 reviewed yesterday, that were not captured in any way in your
19 chart.

20 **A.** Yes.

21 **Q.** The fact that Corporal Desmond reported his guns being
22 taken away from him.

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Ms. Miller

1 **A.** Mm-hmm.

2 **Q.** There was a discussion about his wife working
3 apparently on the third floor and you perceived him trying to
4 protect her from the gossip which would be related to him being
5 admitted there.

6 You also had a conversation with him about asking if you
7 could call his wife and he said no.

8 **A.** Yes, yeah.

9 **Q.** None of that was captured.

10 **A.** Yes, yeah.

11 **Q.** After January 1st and 2nd and the deaths, Dr. Rahman,
12 did you ever prepar^e a more detailed recollection of what had
13 happened, while fresh in your mind, to capture and preserve your
14 memory?

15 **A.** Okay, yeah. So I understand this is almost three,
16 more than three years, but, personally, I will tell you that on
17 the day this happened, I've been reliving this for three years.

18 **Q.** I appreciate that.

19 **A.** And so I remember. I almost ... it's a constant
20 recollection about our discussion and meeting and that's how I
21 remember these things.

22 **Q.** So my question was did you ever prepare a more

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Ms. Miller

1 detailed recollection in writing? I appreciate that, you know,
2 this would've impacted you as well.

3 **A.** Yeah, yeah.

4 **Q.** And that you've been reliving it, but did you ever
5 take time to sit down in any shape or form and make more
6 detailed notes about what had happened?

7 **MR. HAYNE:** Your Honour, if I just may, I just want to
8 make the clarification, "other than discussions with counsel".

9 **THE COURT:** Other than during your discussions with
10 counsel and particularly for the purpose of informing counsel as
11 to what your recollections are.

12 **MS. MILLER:** Thank you.

13 **THE COURT:** Okay.

14 **MS. MILLER:** So do you understand the distinction? If
15 you were asked by counsel to prepare notes, we don't want to
16 hear about that. What I'm asking, Dr. Rahman, is if you, on
17 your own initiative, sat down, without being told by your
18 counsel to do so, did you ever prepare any, even if they were
19 brief, did you ever put pen to paper, fingers to a keyboard, to
20 prepare any detailed notes that captured more detail than what
21 was in your chart?

22 **A.** No.

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Ms. Miller

1 **Q.** Okay, thank you.

2 I'm going to move now to training. We have your CV and
3 certainly we heard yesterday that you've had the benefit of some
4 Veterans Affairs work during your externship and then after your
5 fellowship in 2004 ...

6 **A.** Yes.

7 **Q.** ... in Minneapolis. During that period of time, Dr.
8 Rahman, did you ever have any familiarity or experience with a
9 drug called mefloquine?

10 **A.** Well, mefloquine, I don't have any recollection, but I
11 know mefloquine is an anti-malarial which is used for treatment
12 in prophylaxis of malaria.

13 **Q.** Okay.

14 **A.** And I think that that can be used in veterans or
15 probably I might have used it when I go to Pakistan or some
16 tropical place where there's malaria.

17 **Q.** It's a vaccine?

18 **A.** It's a vaccine.

19 **Q.** Yeah. Which was commonly used, the peak of its use,
20 I think, was in around 2003.

21 **A.** I see, okay.

22 **Q.** So you have a general sense of what it was?

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Ms. Miller

1 **A.** Yes, yes.

2 **Q.** But in terms of your contacts in those veterans
3 hospital and with military veterans, particularly in the US, up
4 until 2004, did you ever have any cases that you worked on where
5 there would have been a suggestion that the impact, the use of
6 mefloquine would have created some mental health issues?

7 **A.** No, I really don't have any recollection, except
8 Agent Orange.

9 **Q.** Okay.

10 **A.** I remember that in great numbers, Agent Orange, and I
11 don't have much ...

12 **Q.** Yeah, but that's not the same as mefloquine.

13 **A.** ... much recollection of that also now, but, but I
14 don't have any.

15 **Q.** Okay. And then since 2004 when you would have left
16 Minneapolis and arrived in Nova Scotia ...

17 **A.** Yeah.

18 **Q.** ... to 2017, other than your on-the-job work, day in,
19 your inpatient, outpatient, have you, yourself, had any more
20 recent formalized training on military veterans and PTSD?

21 **A.** No, not specially, but we are involved in Continuing
22 Medical Education. I attend either American Psychiatric

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Ms. Miller

1 Association meetings or Canadian Psychiatric Association
2 meetings every, you know, every year.

3 Q. Yes.

4 A. Sometimes both, sometimes one, definitely one. And
5 I have attended some workshops and some kind of CMEs there.

6 Q. Okay. Have any of them specifically ..

7 A. But I have not had any ... Yeah.

8 Q. That was my question. I appreciate that you would
9 have participated in Continuing Medical Education.

10 **(11:02:04)**

11 A. Yes, yeah.

12 Q. That's dictated by the College.

13 A. Yeah.

14 Q. And you would have participated in that. But had any
15 of it focused on military veterans and PTSD and I believe your
16 answer is no.

17 A. Yes, not specifically.

18 Q. Okay. And a similar question - any specialized
19 training focusing on military veterans and suicide risk from
20 2004 to 2017?

21 A. No, not specific.

22 Q. Moving now, I want to just touch upon Lionel's

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Ms. Miller

1 admission.

2 **A.** Yeah.

3 **Q.** My understanding from your evidence is that when Dr.
4 Clark called you, he wanted to know if he, Dr. Clark, could take
5 a bed on the inpatient unit. Those were your words yesterday in
6 evidence, is that correct?

7 **A.** I, yes, I have the recollection.

8 **Q.** Okay. An inpatient unit would have been the third
9 floor?

10 **A.** Yes, Psychiatry, third floor.

11 **Q.** Third floor.

12 **A.** That's why he was calling me, yes.

13 **Q.** Yeah. So at that point in time he had met with
14 Corporal Desmond, he hadn't identified any issues with admission
15 on the inpatient unit ...

16 **A.** No.

17 **Q.** ... that he conveyed to you, correct?

18 **A.** Yes, correct.

19 **Q.** Okay. And it was only through the course of your
20 conversation with Corporal Desmond that it became apparent that
21 Corporal Desmond's wife ...

22 **A.** Yeah.

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Ms. Miller

1 Q. ... was working on the Mental Health Unit?

2 A. Correct, yeah.

3 Q. Okay. What is the acronym P-C-U, PCU, where is that
4 in the hospital?

5 A. Progressive Care Unit. PCU ...

6 Q. Okay, yes.

7 A. ... is Progressive Care Unit. That's a medical,
8 acute medical unit.

9 Q. Yes.

10 A. It's a stepdown unit from Intensive Care Unit, ICU.

11 Q. Yes.

12 A. So it's a medical unit.

13 Q. Medical unit. And where is that located?

14 A. That's on the main floor of the hospital, near the
15 ICU, and patients are, it's a stepdown from ICU, it's connected
16 to ICU.

17 Q. And if somebody was working on the Progressive Care
18 Unit, is it, the way the hospital staffing goes, is that where
19 they would be assigned and they would work there exclusively or
20 would they ever be moved over to cover care on the Psychiatric
21 floor?

22 A. Oh, there is possibility.

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Ms. Miller

1 Q. Okay.

2 A. There are float nurses. I think ... I don't know the
3 exact lingo but I think it's float nurses.

4 Q. Okay.

5 A. They can go wherever the need is.

6 Q. Um-hmm.

7 A. So that would be my answer, yeah. It's not
8 necessarily that one is assigned to one unit until ... There
9 are some nurses who do rotate around different units.

10 Q. Okay. And if I understood your evidence correctly
11 yesterday, Dr. Rahman, you, yourself, had, when Corporal Desmond
12 told you about his wife working on the inpatient third floor ...

13 A. Yeah.

14 Q. ... you, yourself, had a recollection of the
15 individual, Shanna Desmond, who actually worked there?

16 A. Yes, yeah.

17 Q. Okay. So you recall Shanna Desmond working on the
18 inpatient floor in the Psych/Mental Health Addictions Unit?

19 A. Correct.

20 Q. I'm going to move now to the discharge. As I
21 understand your evidence and the record, you received a phone
22 call on the morning of January 2nd from someone you thought was

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Ms. Miller

1 an Emergency Room doctor but turned out to be Maggie MacDonald?

2 **A.** Yes.

3 **Q.** A nurse.

4 **A.** Yeah.

5 **Q.** And you provided over the phone, basically,
6 authorization, once you were assured there were no concerns, you
7 provided authorization that Lionel could be discharged, correct?

8 **A.** Yes, yeah.

9 **Q.** Okay. And that's charted in the nurses' notes as, I
10 think, "telephone order for discharge".

11 **A.** Absolutely, yeah.

12 **Q.** We looked at that yesterday.

13 **A.** Yeah.

14 **Q.** Yeah. So based on that, my understanding is that you
15 did not need to see Lionel after you had provided those
16 discharge instructions, is that fair to say?

17 **A.** That is fair to say, yeah. I mean, I could have ...

18 **Q.** But you did go to see to him?

19 **A.** Yes, yes. Yeah.

20 **Q.** Why did you go to see him after you had given those
21 instructions for discharge? Was there something about Corporal
22 Desmond, his presentation, the case, that caused you concern?

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1 **A.** Okay, yeah. So I was on call, I was in the hospital,
2 basically, so it's just that my interaction with him, being a
3 spouse of a staff member, it's not only that, but I had a
4 connection with him.

5 **Q.** Okay.

6 **A.** I did have a connection with him. So I just came
7 down to ... I wasn't even sure whether he's still there or not.

8 **Q.** Right. Because you were in the hospital already
9 doing rounds?

10 **A.** Yes, yes, yeah.

11 **Q.** What time would you have arrived to start your rounds
12 that day?

13 **A.** I don't remember, 10:30, 10. I don't remember exact
14 timing ...

15 **Q.** Okay. But you went down ...

16 **A.** ... on that day.

17 **Q.** If I can understand your evidence, you just had a
18 personal connection with him.

19 **A.** Yes, yeah.

20 **Q.** The fact that his spouse worked in the hospital?

21 **A.** Yeah.

22 **Q.** You did ...

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1 **A.** And usually ... There have been situations in the ER
2 when patients are there ... I try to see them, as much as I can,
3 before they leave.

4 **Q.** Okay.

5 **A.** You know. Yeah.

6 **Q.** You didn't tell Dr. Howard ... this is who you
7 thought was Dr. Howard?

8 **A.** Yes.

9 **Q.** It turns out to be Maggie MacDonald. You didn't tell
10 that person to do a new suicide risk assessment before
11 discharge?

12 **A.** No.

13 **Q.** No. But yet you did it when you went there. Can you
14 explain why you wouldn't have given that instruction to the
15 person on the phone that you were providing the discharge order
16 to but then you did do it yourself?

17 **A.** I just asked her is everything okay, because that
18 plan was already made last night, the night before. It was
19 just a continuation of the assessment the night before.

20 **Q.** Yeah.

21 **A.** So if there would have been any issue the staff would
22 have informed me about it and I was available throughout the

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1 night and any time ...

2 Q. Yeah.

3 A. ... prior to discharge. So the information that I
4 got was that there's nothing concerning.

5 Q. Yeah.

6 A. So there was nothing concerning to me to begin with.
7 In case there would have been any concern at the time when I
8 admitted him, then I would have ... This is my thought process.
9 Because I gave him off-unit unaccompanied privileges. I usually
10 don't do that, I confine people to their unit. Somebody who's
11 really suicidal or somebody, any ... if the risk is too much, we
12 don't keep them in the Emergency Room.

13 Q. Right.

14 A. We will be certify them, we will take them to the
15 floor. We have many situations where staff members from other
16 hospitals, they call me and they say, Well, their husband or
17 their child or their son or somebody, family member, can you
18 bring them here, because they, they work in that hospital.

19 Q. Right.

20 A. So we do all the time that. And sometimes that
21 happens with us also, that we ... I could have called somewhere
22 else for him to be transferred. So basically ... so that was

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Ms. Miller

1 the reason.

2 Q. So you had been told by your staff who had seen ...

3 A. Yes.

4 Q. Or by your medical colleagues who had assessed him
5 through the night, who had charted things ...

6 A. Yes.

7 Q. ... that you hadn't had a chance to read, you had
8 been told that there was nothing concerning, you didn't tell
9 them to do a revised suicide assessment but yet you did. And so
10 my question is why? Was there something that was a red flag for
11 you? I mean, you charted that you did that...

12 A. Okay, yeah.

13 Q. ... when you coincidentally happened to be there to
14 see him?

15 A. Yes, yeah. So when I see somebody, that's out of
16 habit also.

17 Q. Okay.

18 A. Being a psychiatrist, I will do suicide risk
19 assessment, I will ask these questions, standard, anybody who I
20 see when they're going. But that does not mean that I see
21 everybody, you know. This was a atypical situation because he
22 was in the ER. If the patient is in the inpatient Mental

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1 Health, the nurses do their mental health profession and they do
2 automatically suicide risk assessment. Now it's very formal ...

3 Q. At discharge it has to be ...

4 A. ... since this document has come out, this document
5 has come out. Now it's very formal. Nobody goes before that.

6 Q. Right. And the document is the Exhibit P105 that we
7 looked at.

8 A. Suicide risk assessment tool, right. So at that
9 time... so the ER staff ... If I would have had concerns, I
10 would have ...our ... we have an involuntary, in **IPTA** we have a
11 form, and I don't remember the whole script now, but it's just
12 that if nurses have concerns, a nurse can hold patient for three
13 hours involuntarily. The nurse has the power

14 Q. Yeah. Okay.

15 A. ... in Mental Health to hold ...

16 Q. But in this case, I guess, in answer to my question,
17 Dr. Rahman, there was nothing of concern to you, you did this
18 revised suicide assessment not out of concern but just out of
19 habit?

20 A. Absolutely.

21 Q. Okay.

22 A. Absolutely, yeah.

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Ms. Miller

1 **Q.** Thank you. One of the items yesterday you had
2 identified as could be helpful in future for you and for those
3 of you in the mental health field was more domestic violence
4 training.

5 **A.** Yeah.

6 **Q.** What's your definition of what domestic violence is,
7 Dr. Rahman?

8 **A.** Well, domestic violence, I think that would be
9 anybody treating someone else in an abusive way, in an
10 intimidating way, physically, verbally, emotionally, in an
11 intimate relationship would be abuse.

12 **(11:12:15)**

13 **Q.** Okay. So physical, emotional and/or verbal abuse in
14 an intimate relationship?

15 **A.** Yes.

16 **Q.** Okay.

17 **A.** Or financial.

18 **Q.** And I ... just to confirm my understanding of your
19 evidence - financial, thank you - your evidence yesterday t-at
20 when you reviewed with Corporal Desmond the interpersonal
21 conflict with his wife, you restricted your questions to
22 physical, I think, is that fair to say? You didn't explore

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Ms. Miller

1 anything else?

2 **A.** Yeah, that would be fair to say.

3 **Q.** Okay.

4 **A.** Yeah.

5 **Q.** You were asked yesterday about, by Mr. Macdonald,
6 about what you've done since the events of January, what has
7 changed for you, and your answer was you're always learning and
8 that's been a takeaway for you.

9 **A.** Mm-hmm.

10 **Q.** I'm curious, in your role have you done any research,
11 reading, self-study since then into the correlation between
12 PTSD, military veterans and suicide?

13 **A.** No, not particularly.

14 **Q.** You were asked yesterday by my friend, Ms. Ward,
15 about the PTSD suicide rate in the general population and I
16 believe your evidence was it's about 10 percent?

17 **A.** Yes.

18 **Q.** Okay. Do you know what the rate is when it's applied
19 to military members, the ... what the PTSD suicide rate is when
20 applied to military members?

21 **A.** I think it's 15 percent. I did read somewhere that
22 suicide attempts are much higher, 20 to 25 percent PTSD

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1 veterans, they do have suicide attempts. I think it's 10, 15
2 percent is the suicide ... I did a workshop. There's a book,
3 actually I will have it at home, there's American Psychiatric
4 Association, books come where you self-learn.

5 Q. Okay.

6 A. And then you do the question and answers. I did
7 that, I think, last year.

8 Q. Okay.

9 A. PTSD, it's called PTSD workbook, and that's where I
10 got some information in terms of, that I reported yesterday that
11 80 percent of PTSD patients are more likely to have ... they
12 meet criteria for another mental, concurrent disorder.

13 Q. Co-morbidity. Yeah.

14 A. And that's where I got the information about 48
15 percent of the combat veterans coming from Afghanistan and Iraq
16 have a concurrent mild traumatic brain injury.

17 Q. Right.

18 A. So I remember that but ...

19 Q. So that is another question I was going to ask you -
20 since 2017 have you done any research, reading, self-study on
21 the association of traumatic brain injury and the risk of
22 suicide with ...

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Ms. Miller

1 **A.** That was in that. That was in that.

2 **Q.** That was in that.

3 **A.** I think ...

4 **Q.** That was initiated by you, this training or workshop

5 ...

6 **A.** Yes.

7 **Q.** ... of the American Psychiatric Association?

8 **A.** And I bought that book ... actually not that long ago
9 I bought that book from San Francisco at the American
10 Psychiatric Association meeting.

11 **Q.** Okay. Have you had an opportunity since you've been
12 learning, your words yesterday, have you had an opportunity to
13 look at the 2017 report from the Office of the Coroner in
14 Ontario which identifies risk factors for intimate partner
15 deaths arising in Ontario? Have you had a chance to look at
16 those risk factors, that report?

17 **A.** No. No.

18 **THE COURT:** I'm going to stop you just for a second
19 while I think about it. When you have a discussion about
20 suicide rates - and you used the word military, okay, and I
21 know-you used the word "military", and at some point in time the
22 doctor was talking about combat veterans and so when you talk

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Ms. Miller

1 about rates, are you talking about rates in the military,
2 generally? Are you talking about those that have been
3 discharged and are veterans? Are you talking about rates of
4 those that are still in the service?

5 **MS. MILLER**: Fair question, yeah.

6 **THE COURT**: As I understand, those numbers are tracked,
7 may be tracked differently.

8 **MS. MILLER**: My question was a general question about an
9 awareness of an increase in suicide rates with military members
10 and veterans, so I lumped them together. Are you aware of any
11 distinction between whether someone's actively in the military
12 or if they've been discharged and they're military veterans in
13 terms of the suicide rates with PTSD?

14 **A.** I'm not sure. I have not dealt too much in active
15 duty military personnel. It's mostly the VAs in US are usually
16 these other types.

17 **Q.** Yeah.

18 **A.** Veterans.

19 **Q.** So that's the extent of what you can comment on the
20 US retired military veterans?

21 **A.** Yes, yes.

22 **Q.** And is that from the workbook that you looked at ...

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Ms. Miller

1 **A.** Yes.

2 **Q.** ... through the American Psychiatric Association last
3 year?

4 **A.** Yes, that piece, and then I worked at the VA
5 hospital. The first two years of our residency, 1998 to 2000,
6 the first couple of years ...

7 **Q.** Um-hmm.

8 **A.** ... we had regular rotations in the VA ... VAC. We
9 were doing calls there and we did inpatient work there, we did
10 outpatient work there. So off and on I've been affiliated with
11 that.

12 **Q.** Okay.

13 **A.** But I am not an ... I don't consider myself an expert
14 in PTSD.

15 **Q.** Okay.

16 **A.** I don't have a sub-specialized training, I'm not a
17 sub-specialist in PTSD in any way. I've just experienced
18 through my, in my lifetime, but there are more specialized
19 people who work in specialized PTSD clinics.

20 **Q.** Fair enough.

21 **A.** In these hospitals ... in the military hospitals.

22 **Q.** Yeah.

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Ms. Miller

1 **A.** And probably in the OSI Clinic also here.

2 **Q.** And I believe you said yesterday you're a generalist,
3 if I can use that, as a psychiatrist?

4 **A.** Absolutely.

5 **Q.** Yeah. But you do have a sense that there is an
6 increased prevalence of suicide in military members and/or
7 veterans who have a diagnosis of PTSD than the regular
8 population, the general population?

9 **A.** Yes, yeah.

10 **Q.** Okay.

11 **THE COURT:** Ms. Miller, the other point I was going to
12 ask was this, and it will be for all counsel, I know you're
13 going to refer to a report.

14 **MS. MILLER:** Yes.

15 **THE COURT:** If when you do that, if you could give us
16 the formal name of the report and the details so that if
17 somebody wants to look it up or pursue it, they would be able to
18 do that.

19 **MS. MILLER:** Yes.

20 **THE COURT:** Okay. Thank you.

21 **MS. MILLER:** I had asked you, Dr. Rahman, if you had an
22 opportunity in your learning since 2017 to take a look at the

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Ms. Miller

1 Domestic Violence Death Review Committee 2017 Annual Report,
2 which is produced by the Office of the Chief Coroner in Ontario?

3 **A.** No, I have not looked at it.

4 **Q.** Okay. And, you know, for clarity, when ... The term
5 domestic violence death is defined in that report and it is
6 defined as "all homicides that involve the death of a person
7 and/or his or her child or children committed by the person's
8 partner or ex-partner from an intimate relationship". So you've
9 not had an opportunity to take a look at that report?

10 **A.** No.

11 **Q.** When would you, or would you ever, enlist a
12 neuropsychiatrist, in terms of your practice, either on an
13 inpatient or an outpatient basis?

14 **A.** You mean when would I refer somebody to a
15 neuropsychiatrist?

16 **Q.** Yeah. Well, let's start with what is a
17 neuropsychiatrist?

18 **A.** Yeah. Neuropsychiatrists are ... it's not a sub-
19 specialty. It is if somebody has an interest. It's not,
20 there's no extra fellowship or anything like that by the name of
21 neuropsychiatry. Some psychiatrists might have special interest
22 or they might have done some more courses or has a special ...

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Ms. Miller

1 So a neuropsychiatrist would deal with patients with, of course
2 with neurological ... There's a psychiatric sequela to a lot of
3 neurological diseases and I think brain injury is somewhat
4 considered a neurological diagnosis and there could be
5 psychiatric sequela.

6 Q. Okay.

7 A. Like, dementia is a neuro ... is a medical diagnosis,
8 a neurological diagnosis, and it has a psychiatric sequela.
9 Parkinson's Disease is a neurological that has a... So there are
10 a lot of neurological ... you know, ALS.

11 Q. Okay.

12 A. So those ...

13 Q. But traumatic brain injury being one.

14 A. Traumatic brain injury will be one. So there are
15 people that do some special work. So Mr. Desmond was treated at
16 Ste. Anne's Center and that's the PTSD rehabilitation unit.

17 Q. Okay.

18 A. Which does, I believe, which does encompass ... it
19 does cover all this treatment.

20 Q. Neuropsychiatric treatment?

21 A. Neuropsychiatric also.

22 Q. Okay. Yeah.

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Ms. Miller

1 (11:22:06)

2 A. And he was there for three months and so forth so ...

3 Q. Do you know that he would have been assessed by a
4 neuropsychiatrist there or you just assume?

5 A. I assume. We don't ... didn't have any records but he
6 just told me that he was there for three months.

7 Q. Okay.

8 A. But I ... we didn't have any records.

9 Q. If you had to refer someone to a neuropsychiatrist is
10 there one in the eastern district?

11 A. No.

12 Q. Okay. Where would you have to refer them to?

13 A. Probably I'd have to take a look at in Halifax.

14 Q. Okay. Okay. I'm almost done.

15 A. Okay.

16 Q. It's clear to me from your evidence yesterday that
17 the psychiatric practice doesn't have the benefit of an
18 objective record to confirm a diagnosis. So, for example, you
19 don't get an x-ray that shows a broken bone ...

20 A. No.

21 Q. ... like you would if you were an orthopedic surgeon?

22 A. Correct.

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Ms. Miller

1 **Q.** You don't get a blood test that confirms the presence
2 or absence of some sort of relevant marker. As you've said, you
3 have to rely on your interview and, you know, your clinical
4 judgment when you're making a diagnosis and assessing sort of a
5 management plan. Is that a fair characterization?

6 **A.** And the patient's participation and engagement in the
7 therapeutic process also.

8 **Q.** Absolutely. A lot of that information that you have
9 to rely on comes directly from the patient?

10 **A.** Yes.

11 **Q.** And so it's from ... we all have a sense of the, we
12 know what happened, we know that based on your interview with
13 Lionel it appears he either under-reported or incorrectly
14 reported things to you. So, for example, we know his guns were
15 taken away, he told you that, but we also know he got his guns
16 back.

17 **A.** Mm-hmm.

18 **Q.** But he didn't share that with you, correct?

19 **A.** I believe so, if that's the case.

20 **Q.** Yeah. We also know that he was seeing a Veterans
21 Affairs counselor, you know that?

22 **A.** Yes.

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Ms. Miller

1 **Q.** He told you he did not have any suicidal ideation, he
2 wasn't thinking about harming himself, but we also know that her
3 records show that he had frequent suicidal ideation in that
4 month. But you didn't know that because he didn't tell you
5 that?

6 **A.** Yeah.

7 **Q.** Is that fair to say?

8 **A.** If that's the case, yeah.

9 **Q.** He wouldn't allow you to call his wife to get any
10 collateral information to help you confirm any of the
11 information. So the sense I get is that you were left with your
12 clinical judgment, the information that was provided from Lionel
13 ...

14 **A.** Um-hmm.

15 **Q.** ... and you did the best you could with that?

16 **A.** Um-hmm.

17 **Q.** You know, as we move forward, and the purpose of this
18 Inquiry, Dr. Rahman, is to find ways to make sure we build as
19 robust a system as possible to prevent this.

20 **A.** Yeah, yeah.

21 **Q.** And I appreciate that there are medical things that
22 have been done from your perspective - you described them

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Ms. Miller

1 yesterday - and we went over -gain this clinical tool that c-me
2 into play in the summer of 2017. But it strikes me that, you
3 know, there are ways that if you had access to additional
4 information, access to being allowed to call Shanna Desmond,
5 access to being allowed to call or someone in your clinic being
6 allowed to call the Veterans Affairs counselor, someone who
7 could call the police to check or to check about the presence of
8 firearms, that all of that would have helped you build a more
9 accurate picture of what was going on with Mr. Desmond, is that
10 fair to say?

11 **A.** Any additional information could be helpful.

12 **Q.** Right. And you had barriers and you have barriers to
13 accessing additional information because of certain legislative
14 privacy requirements, for example?

15 **A.** Yeah, yeah.

16 **Q.** At the time, you wanted to call Shanna Desmond is my
17 understanding.

18 **A.** Yes, yeah.

19 **Q.** But Corporal Desmond wouldn't allow that, but you
20 felt it was ... you felt there was a need to talk to her, right?
21 So you were hampered ... is it fair to say you were hampered by
22 the system, it wouldn't allow you to call her, is that correct?

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Ms. Miller

1 **A.** Yeah. I mean, I asked him, but he would not allow
2 me. Yes, yeah, no, absolutely, yeah.

3 **Q.** If you were able to have called the Veterans ...
4 Again, I'm not suggesting you, necessarily, but somebody who
5 would have had contact with Corporal Desmond that night who
6 could have gathered additional collateral information to ensure
7 that the information you had was as robust as possible. If
8 someone had been able to contact the Veterans Affairs counselor,
9 knowing what we know, that would have been helpful, too, in
10 terms of you making a disposition plan?

11 **A.** But I had some information also in terms of Dr.
12 Slayter's notes, which did have a lot of information.

13 **Q.** Yes.

14 **A.** Any ... again, any information would be helpful.

15 **Q.** Yeah, and this is a forward-looking question.

16 **A.** But ... Yeah. So in the course of my interview,
17 asking him about ... I'll tell you, this is ... Can I elaborate,
18 give a perspective?

19 **Q.** Absolutely.

20 **A.** If some veteran like Mr. Desmond comes to the ER
21 himself, not brought in by police, things change, and is not
22 endorsing any acute psychotic or psychiatric symptoms, would

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Ms. Miller

1 ask, one, that, you know, that's what happened and I need a
2 place to stay, in terms of ... And he tells you that police have
3 been involved many times, but there's no record that ever police
4 had brought him to the hospital here in St. Martha's.

5 Q. Um-hmm.

6 A. And you ask him if there's a legal history, he tells
7 you ... I don't know, now you would know better whether this is
8 true or not, he did not have any ... We get patients all the
9 time having restraining orders, peace bonds, charges, drug use.
10 He was not using any drugs, police had been involved, but police
11 has taken away guns but, usually, if that's the case, police
12 does bring them to the hospital. So these are all safety factors
13 also. In my view, if a police ... This regularly happens that
14 police brings in patient. Oh, well, taking away guns and not
15 bringing to the hospital, that does not happen often. So there
16 is some assessment from the RCMP standpoint that had been done
17 in the past, right, not to a point where ... He's seen by Dr.
18 Slayter with all these symptoms, and he was seen previously
19 also, so there was no other intervention. You know, he would
20 have presented maybe relatively worse than what he was
21 presenting this time.

22 Q. Yeah.

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Ms. Miller

1 **A.** But he was still being managed as an outpatient.

2 **Q.** I appreciate that.

3 **A.** So ...

4 **Q.** So my question is more forward-thinking. I
5 appreciate that what you had at that time was what you could do,
6 but as we look forward as a province in terms of building as
7 robust a system as possible, you know, with different components
8 - police, firearms, the medical, you frontline treatment
9 providers - it strikes me that there would have been value in
10 you being able to access collateral information to confirm some
11 or all of the information that would have been relevant that
12 Corporal Desmond had shared with you.

13 **A.** Oh, no, absolutely. We need patient ... If somebody
14 doesn't tell us the truth, our hands are tied.

15 **Q.** Right. Because you ... and won't give permission ...

16 **A.** If we don't have a collateral ... Yes.

17 **Q.** ... to speak to a spouse, your hands I tied?

18 **A.** Yes, yeah.

19 **Q.** Even though you may believe, as you did in this case,
20 that there would have been value in that?

21 **A.** Absolutely. But in his case, according to my
22 assessment, the safety of the person, it did not trump his

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Ms. Miller

1 personal health information.

2 Q. Fair enough. Okay. Thank you, Dr. Rahman. I
3 appreciate your time.

4 A. Okay. Thank you.

5 **THE COURT:** Mr. Rodgers?
6

7 **CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. RODGERS**

8 (11:30:52)

9 **MR. RODGERS:** Thank you, Your Honour. Dr. Rahman, I'm
10 Adam Rodgers, I'm counsel to the personal representative of
11 Corporal Lionel Desmond.

12 A. Hello.

13 Q. I want to pick up close to where my friend, Ms.
14 Miller, left off and I want to ask you, Doctor, about your
15 knowledge or familiarity with the operational stress injury
16 facilities, Ste. Anne's, the Veterans Affairs programs. You've
17 had some background in that area from the United States but I
18 guess in your role as Chief of Psychiatry for the eastern region
19 or perhaps in your clinical practice, is it often the case
20 where, or is it ever the case, where you come into contact with
21 military veterans and need to interact somehow with the federal
22 health system if I can put it that way?

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Mr. Rodgers

1 **A.** Yes, that happens.

2 **Q.** So you mentioned Ste. Anne's facility in a way that
3 told me you had some familiarity with it, is that fair to say
4 that you do?

5 **A.** I had minimal familiarity, like I don't know what
6 level of programs they offer but I know it's a PTSD
7 rehabilitation unit funded by the veterans and there are some
8 patients who do quality and meet the criteria and go there for
9 inpatient services.

10 **(11:32:07)**

11 **Q.** Okay. And just anecdotally from your perspective,
12 have you sent patients there and then seen them afterwards, like
13 do you have any sense of the effectiveness of the programs that
14 they offer?

15 **A.** We had, you know, once they are discharged it depends
16 where they will be followed up.

17 **Q.** Yes.

18 **A.** Either in the community or with a private therapist or
19 they are sometimes followed with the OSI clinics.

20 **Q.** Yes.

21 **A.** I don't have much experience in terms of too many
22 patients who have gone in that program and come back and being

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Mr. Rodgers

1 followed up. They are still ... they are usually followed up by
2 specialized services.

3 Q. Okay. And what about, so would that be the case again
4 for the OSI clinic, the OSI clinic in Nova Scotia or elsewhere?

5 A. Yeah.

6 Q. Okay. What about, Doctor, in terms of accessing
7 information and I'm not talking specifically about Corporal
8 Desmond's case but in any veteran's case. Have you had occasion
9 to seek out medical records from Veterans Affairs or from the
10 federal government?

11 A. I have and it's not easy to (unclear) federal VA
12 records. When I look at, I know OSI, even if we request records
13 from OSI and patient consents, there's a limitation even on
14 patient consent that my understanding is that there's a
15 limitation how much records we can access or they will be able
16 to send us.

17 Q. Yes.

18 A. There's some classified records that even the patient
19 consents, they are not released. I have that much of an
20 understanding.

21 Q. Would you ...

22 A. And one more thing, OSI is not ... it's new also.

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Mr. Rodgers

1 **Q.** Yes.

2 **A.** I think OSI Clinic in Halifax, I don't remember what
3 year it was that there was a contract signed between them but
4 OSI is part of Nova Scotia Health Authority now, they are
5 subcontracted or it's part of that through the VA so it's a new
6 program.

7 **Q.** Yes. Are you aware whether that's going to change
8 anything when it comes to accessing records? I mean, we're
9 talking about this One Patient One Record thing. Would it be
10 your understanding, and you may not know, but whether OSI would
11 be included in that?

12 **A.** Well, I don't know but that is my hope and that was
13 one of my recommendations also the other day that, you know,
14 some simplified or centralized system to access records no
15 matter where the patient has had treatment, other provinces,
16 other departments, other governments, that could really help us
17 but at the same time, I work in inpatient and I can get records
18 from other provinces and we call, we get records regularly, but
19 VA records are not as easily accessible.

20 **Q.** It seems, and I wanted to make that comparison,
21 Doctor, I'm glad you raised it because we heard Dr. Clark say as
22 an emergency room physician, that if he needs records from

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1 another province sometimes it's just a matter of faxing and
2 requesting them and they arrive, you know, in a relatively short
3 timeframe.

4 **A.** Yeah.

5 **Q.** Would it seem to make sense to you that emergency room
6 physicians and psychiatrists and maybe others should have better
7 access to those kinds of records?

8 **A.** Yeah, they should. I'll give an example. At VA where
9 I used to work, the whole VA system in US at the time, they were
10 all computerized and connected to each other so there was
11 paperless charts in late 1990s. All VAS in US were centralized
12 on one computer system. Not public, like they weren't ... it
13 wouldn't be public, it's within the VA.

14 **Q.** And certainly there's going to be some information
15 that may disclose an operation or something else that must
16 remain secret but the diagnosis and some of the key information
17 should certainly be available, would you agree?

18 **A.** Absolutely, yeah.

19 **Q.** It seems strange, I mean, not everything is comparable
20 but, you know, justice records are run by each province and yet
21 we get a criminal record printout for each person that's going
22 to court if it's relevant. So it seems strange that that would

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1 not be available on the health record side but that's
2 interesting, more than 20 years ago that they were available in
3 the United States that way.

4 **A.** Yeah.

5 **Q.** Do you ever get referrals, like I was asking you I
6 guess, do you send people to Veterans Affairs OSI clinics?

7 **A.** Yes, yeah.

8 **Q.** And do you ever receive referrals from Veterans
9 Affairs, like so if such as the case like Corporal Desmond's,
10 you know, he's been discharged or was moved to the area, do you
11 ever receive referrals from Veterans Affairs?

12 **A.** Yes.

13 **Q.** Okay. And can you talk about that process a little
14 bit and how it works, if it works well?

15 **A.** I think in Corporal Desmond's situation, I just saw
16 him once in the ER, you know, Dr. Slayter would be the one who
17 saw him and he would have a better knowledge about accessing
18 records in this particular case.

19 **Q.** Sure.

20 **A.** But I know that when we get referrals from the
21 Veterans and OSI clinics for people to be followed up in the
22 community through the public psychiatry so we have patients

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1 referred from them and we refer to them also patients who are,
2 when we get referrals they're either being followed by our own
3 department in the outpatient mental health. That's how Dr.
4 Slayter got involved, he got a referral.

5 Q. Yes.

6 A. He had a family doctor also, I think family doctor
7 referred him, but initially I think there was some role of
8 Veterans also that the referral came from and so these veterans
9 are being followed up by either private therapists in rural Nova
10 Scotia.

11 Q. Yes.

12 A. They are in the public system also and some of them
13 are attached to the OSI Clinic. Some people don't prefer to go
14 all the way to Halifax so they are here, they're subcontracted,
15 and then there's a tele-psychiatry also now, we're offering
16 tele-psychiatry which is also new and that's great that OSI
17 Clinic is offering that too.

18 Q. When they send ... when they refer someone to you and
19 I know I think in this case it was Dr. Ranjini who had sent ...

20 A. Yes. Yeah, family physician.

21 Q. ... Corporal Desmond to see Dr. Slayter but if
22 Veterans Affairs sends ... refers somebody, or secondarily

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1 refers somebody, would they include the records they have or
2 some relevant records with that referral or do you still then
3 need to see the patient, identify that you need some records,
4 and then request them?

5 **A.** I think it's case-by-case and there could be one
6 letter coming in but they're not detailed medical records, we
7 don't get that. That's why Dr. Slayter was ... he had asked
8 Corporal Desmond to ...

9 **Q.** Yes, and we'll talk about whether that's a good way to
10 obtain records.

11 **A.** Yeah.

12 **Q.** I presume your view would be or maybe I'll ask you,
13 what would your view be on a good way to have those records
14 received by yourself or by one of the psychiatrists?

15 **A.** That could be the simple way, the best way that either
16 we can request it or the patient can request it and they should
17 be sent to us promptly. That could be the best case scenario
18 but I think there are some ... that needs to be looked at, there
19 are some limitations as to ...

20 **Q.** In your experience, it strikes me that there may be a
21 difference between somebody who's looking for records, you know,
22 for a bad back as opposed to a mental health issue because the

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1 issue itself may prevent them or impede them in making the
2 request, you know what I mean? So would it be your ... is it
3 your understanding that the patient needs to agree that these
4 records ... they need to sign a release so that the records get
5 transferred?

6 **(11:42:19)**

7 **A.** Yes.

8 **Q.** And in a case of a mental health patient, certainly a
9 mental health crisis, would it be your view that that consent is
10 not essential or should not be required?

11 **A.** Well again, the simple and direct way would be
12 helpful. I cannot say that, I don't know what are the ...
13 there's a **Personal Health Information Act** and there's a
14 confidentiality piece and there's a patient preference piece and
15 that is something that needs to be dealt with, it needs to be
16 brainstormed and maybe in legislation.

17 **Q.** Sure, that's fair enough. Okay. So, Doctor, a
18 slightly different question now. In Veterans Affairs when
19 somebody's discharged from the military, there is some effort,
20 and we'll talk to other witnesses about that effort, to set up
21 services for veterans that are in need of such services. Is it
22 ever the case that ... are you aware or are you part of that

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1 contact that, you know, we're discharging a veteran, this
2 person's been treated for so many years by OSI in our mental
3 health system, they're moving to your area.

4 **A.** Yeah.

5 **Q.** Now we're not telling you that they've got anything or
6 they need to see you next week but we're just letting you know
7 they're there. Does that ever happen that you're just simply
8 made aware of a veteran that's moved to your area that has a
9 mental health history?

10 **A.** Yes, that happens.

11 **Q.** Do you appreciate getting that information or ...

12 **A.** About veterans, I cannot answer that. We get
13 referrals from Veterans Affairs. Usually if somebody is
14 followed by ... in OSI clinics, let's say Corporal Desmond's
15 case, he was followed up in Fredericton, they would refer them
16 to an OSI clinic here. I don't know really about the process,
17 to what extent the referral was made, but I'm aware that we got
18 the referral from Dr. Ranjini.

19 **Q.** Yes, okay. So would you see a system and I'm asking
20 you to imagine how this might work ...

21 **A.** Yeah.

22 **Q.** ... would you see benefits of having that connection

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1 between the provincial medical psychiatric system and Veterans
2 Affairs where a veteran's been discharged or a soldier's been
3 discharged, moving to the area, that some awareness is
4 identified?

5 **A.** Oh, absolutely. Background about any patient deserves
6 to be served where they live, nearby, a nearby facility, whether
7 it be background or it could be public psychiatry so that would
8 be helpful to incorporate them to the nearest professional
9 available but, of course, there has to be a smooth flow of
10 records also along with that where the patient has been, has
11 agreed or would be followed up in the long run.

12 **Q.** You were asked by my friend, Ms. Miller, about the ...
13 anything that you've identified and read yourself on these
14 topics that we're covering but is there, as far as you're aware,
15 anything provided for continuing education on mental health as
16 it pertains particularly to military veterans? Is there
17 anything like that provided to psychiatrists through the
18 provincial system, any formal education or materials or
19 training?

20 **A.** I'm not aware of any.

21 **Q.** Okay, thank you, Doctor, for those.

22 I'm going to switch topics and ask you, you identified that

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1 Corporal Desmond had at one point been prescribed marijuana,
2 medical marijuana for his PTSD?

3 **A.** Yes.

4 **Q.** I know that wasn't something that was current when you
5 met with him but we're going to hear from a doctor who
6 prescribed the medical marijuana to Corporal Desmond. I just
7 want to know from you in your 20-plus years of experience and
8 working with veterans and working with those with PTSD, if
9 you've explored that topic, that use of marijuana for that
10 condition, and what your views might be.

11 **A.** Well, I'm not an expert in marijuana. I don't have a
12 ... I don't prescribe marijuana but as a generalist I can tell
13 you that marijuana, it does cause psychiatric symptoms, it does
14 cause psychosis, it all depends on person to person, how much
15 one is using, what kind one is using, what is the THC content or
16 the CBD content, in what form they are using. So it just, it
17 depends, case-by-case basis but we regularly see patients in our
18 inpatient unit and in our emergency rooms who present with
19 psychosis in context of marijuana. We have seen, marijuana was
20 very common, it has been around for a number of years. Since it
21 has become more readily available now, we have noticed some
22 increase in the presentation with people in psychosis caused by

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1 marijuana.

2 Q. Have you noticed anyone ...

3 A. I don't understand marijuana. I attended the CMEs and
4 marijuana does, to some family doctors who prescribe it, it has
5 some therapeutic advantages in terms of treating pain and PTSD
6 symptoms also but I have limited experience in this field.

7 Q. Okay. Given your profession I wanted to see what your
8 views were as we'll hear some other witnesses on that topic,
9 thank you.

10 So, Dr. Rahman, it may have surprised some people to hear
11 that in the course of a week you're encountering maybe 10 to 15
12 people that are identifying as with suicidal ideations.

13 A. Mm-hmm.

14 Q. That seems like a high number and it seemed like a
15 high number to have at any point two or three individuals
16 referred through the **Involuntary Psychiatric Treatment Act** at
17 any time but that is your experience on a weekly basis?

18 A. Yes, one or two involuntary and ...

19 Q. Sure. But that still seems like a lot of people
20 coming in each week that you've got to deal with and talk to
21 that are expressing suicidal ideations?

22 A. Oh absolutely, we are a very busy service.

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1 Q. It's not a fair question, I'm not going to ask it, Dr.
2 Rahman, but it's a question that's sort of implicit in a lot of
3 what we're asking you here is, you know, how come you didn't see
4 this coming, that's the question and it's not, like I say, it's
5 not a question I'm asking and we're not here to assign a blame
6 so I don't want to have that discussion. But a few people saw
7 Corporal Desmond before he did these things and you're a
8 psychiatrist so if anybody was going to see it coming, perhaps
9 you had the best chance under the right circumstances.

10 So I want to talk about what those circumstances might be
11 or might have been and we do, of course, want to try to foresee
12 these and prevent them. So Ms. Miller's already asked you about
13 the potential to contact collateral contacts and the desire that
14 you had to do that. You did wish to contact other people that
15 might have informed your views more but there were barriers to
16 that, legal barriers and perhaps availability barriers, we don't
17 know, because you weren't able to make the efforts but certainly
18 Catherine Chambers who was identified in Dr. Slayter's report as
19 his mental health clinician and Shanna Desmond, Corporal
20 Desmond's wife, maybe others.

21 **(11:52:05)**

22 So there were barriers there and we can identify whether we

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1 want to look at those but do you see, just when it comes to
2 collateral contacts, do you see other barriers besides the
3 privacy and legal barriers that we've talked about? And
4 certainly if you were ... I was thinking if you were
5 overburdened in terms of time that perhaps you wouldn't be
6 calling two or three collateral contacts for every patient you
7 deal with.

8 **A.** We do that anyways, we try to do that if we get the
9 permission, depending on the circumstances. Collateral
10 information is very important in the field of psychiatry so we
11 do understand that. Again, (slow flow?) of medical records and
12 availability and there are confidentiality issues.

13 **Q.** Yes.

14 **A.** I mean a private therapist, whether they will give us
15 information, if the patient will consent or not.

16 **Q.** Yes.

17 **A.** There are different points of care which needs to be
18 integrated and to minimize the risk. That is ... that's part of
19 ... that's what we are here for. That's the purpose of the
20 inquiry also and we will be very open to look at what the
21 recommendations are, the options are, and we want to serve the
22 people ...

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1 **Q.** Sure, no, that's ...

2 **A.** ... in a safe environment.

3 **Q.** ... that's apparent, Doctor, thank you.

4 Another potential barrier and I think you've addressed this
5 indirectly but are there enough psychiatrists to deal with the
6 workload that you have on a regular basis at St. Martha's?

7 **A.** St. Martha's, I think we are in good position. We
8 have enough resources at St. Martha's but if we talk about all
9 over Nova Scotia, we have a dearth of psychiatry services in
10 Cape Breton right now ...

11 **Q.** Yes.

12 **A.** ... and some other places but as far as St. Martha's
13 is concerned, we have full complement of three adult
14 psychiatrists and one child psychiatrist and, you know, so but
15 additional resources would always be welcome. It's a busy
16 service but we are managing, we are coping.

17 **Q.** So time is always precious. Is time a frequent
18 barrier to full treatment of a patient when they come in to see
19 you?

20 **A.** It depends on different settings so it does not ... we
21 do have time, we spend time with the patients, it's not a
22 barrier.

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1 **Q.** And access to records is certainly another
2 circumstance, I guess ...

3 **A.** Yes.

4 **Q.** ... if we frame it that way that if you had more ready
5 access to records and I'm thinking some sort of instantaneous
6 access to records, would that be the standard you wish to reach?

7 **A.** Absolutely and we are moving towards that direction in
8 terms of medical records but that's within the NSHA but we also
9 have to look at getting records from ...

10 **Q.** Other provinces and from the federal government?

11 **A.** Yeah.

12 **Q.** Okay. I'll jump around a couple of questions, Doctor.
13 The triage level was identified by a triage nurse as a level two
14 and then you reassessed Corporal Desmond when you met with him.
15 When you change the triage level on a patient, does that require
16 a discussion with the triage nurse to say, Listen, was there
17 something you saw and you didn't write down in your notes that I
18 should know before I change the triage level?

19 **MR. HAYNE:** Your Honour, just again just to be clear, I
20 don't think Dr. Rahman's evidence was that he changed the triage
21 level so just a minor ...

22 **A.** I can answer.

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1 **MR. RODGERS:** You didn't change it on the form?

2 **A.** No, that's not my job.

3 **Q.** Yes.

4 **A.** The triage level is done by the triage nurse and the
5 level I spoke yesterday, that only affects the interval for the
6 patient to be seen by the ER doctor.

7 **Q.** Okay.

8 **A.** I have nothing to do with the triage levels.

9 **Q.** Okay. But you don't automatically, when you say,
10 Well, that doesn't seem quite right, do you routinely or ever go
11 back to the triage nurse to say, Well, what did you see, you
12 know, I think it is a four or a five, you put it as a two?

13 **A.** No, I don't do that, I have not done that.

14 **Q.** You just make your own assessment, okay.

15 **A.** Yeah.

16 **Q.** Trazodone, Dr. Rahman, an antidepressant and was
17 prescribed to Corporal Desmond. We don't have evidence of
18 exactly what the concentration was at the time but we sense that
19 he was on ... he was taking trazodone. Are there risks to that
20 medication? When I see the potential side effects, it looks
21 like for those that have major depressive disorder that there's
22 an increased risk of suicidal thinking and behaviour at least in

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1 younger people?

2 **A.** Yeah.

3 **Q.** Was that something of which you were aware or were
4 cautious or considered when it was prescribed to Corporal
5 Desmond?

6 **A.** I did not prescribe and he had already been on.

7 **Q.** Or sorry, he had ... yes.

8 **A.** He had already been on for I don't know how long.

9 **Q.** Yes.

10 **A.** Trazodone in children and adolescents there is always
11 increased risk of any antidepressant can increase the risk of
12 suicide, that is true for many antidepressants. But in his case
13 I think trazodone was being given for his sleep, Dr. Slayter had
14 prescribed it, 100 milligrams, and it's an antidepressant at
15 very high doses, not at 50 to 100 milligrams. You need to be on
16 a very high dose for it to have a antidepressant effect. So it
17 is not commonly used nowadays as an antidepressant but it's an
18 off-label, evidence-based usage as a sleep aid.

19 **Q.** Okay. That didn't ... it didn't concern you, I guess,
20 when you saw it on his chart?

21 **A.** No, no.

22 **Q.** Now, Doctor, it appeared that Corporal Desmond wasn't

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1 quite forthcoming with you on a number of occasions. Ms. Miller
2 has gone over a few of them. He told you he slept well, the
3 nurses' records show that he probably didn't sleep that well.
4 He was looking at guns online that day, I appreciate you weren't
5 aware of this and weren't aware of much of what I'm about to
6 tell you, I guess, but yet he presents well to you?

7 **A.** Mm-hmm.

8 **Q.** He's looking at guns online then he comes in and he
9 presents fairly well to you as a doctor. He left the hospital
10 the next day and we have records that he went to Canadian Tire
11 and bought a big knife and then, of course, the next day, bought
12 a gun.

13 **A.** Mm-hmm.

14 **Q.** Is that ... well, I guess you don't always know,
15 Doctor, if somebody is not presenting in a completely forthright
16 manner but is that unusual for somebody to come in seeking help
17 and then not be forthcoming?

18 **A.** That is unusual.

19 **Q.** Yeah.

20 **A.** People come to seek help, to get help, and they are
21 forthcoming. They are there to get help.

22 **Q.** And part of the evidence that we heard from the

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1 investigators was that Corporal Desmond went into the woods and
2 went through a pathway to get to the house before he committed
3 the incident. That's only two days later too. Does that
4 suggest some sort of dissociation to you?

5 This is what I'm asking, I guess, Doctor, if you considered
6 whether this might be some sort of dissociative disorder that
7 Corporal Desmond had at the time?

8 **A.** Counsel, I cannot comment on this. I have ... I was
9 ... I didn't see him at the time.

10 **Q.** Yeah.

11 **A.** I still feel his status changed in the intervening
12 period. That is something that, you know, the assessment of
13 status of mind when he was doing all that would be something
14 that a forensic psychiatrist would be better equipped to answer.
15 They are the ones who do the criminal responsibility and stuff
16 like that. Risk assessment, in their term, the state of mind at
17 the time. I am not an expert in this what was state of mind
18 after he left us.

19 **(12:02:27)**

20 **Q.** But if you were treating the patient for an extended
21 period of time and had the time to get to know them well enough,
22 you could diagnose somebody with a dissociative disorder. You

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1 are familiar with the diagnosis at least. Correct?

2 **A.** Yes. Yeah.

3 **Q.** So some of the things such as depression and mood
4 swings, suicidal tendencies, sleep issues, anxiety, panic
5 attacks, compulsions, these sorts of things that seem to be part
6 of a dissociative disorder diagnosis, may have been present with
7 Corporal Desmond. But I guess would you agree with those
8 symptoms being somewhat present?

9 **A.** Again, at the time I saw him, I did not see any
10 dissociative symptoms.

11 **Q.** Sure.

12 **A.** But they are part of the PTSD diagnosis. There are
13 some dissociative symptomatology as part of diagnosis of PTSD.

14 **Q.** Okay. And I don't want you to go beyond what you're
15 comfortable opining on, Dr. Rahman, but where somebody is able
16 to present in a normal way or a way that persuades a doctor that
17 they're okay, and yet is able to go off and do these other
18 things in relatively short timeframes thereafter - purchase
19 weapons and then go off and do the actions that follow - does
20 that suggest some sort of dissociation to you?

21 **A.** Cannot comment on that, what happened afterwards, in
22 the next 25 to 30 hours.

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1 **Q.** So when Corporal Desmond comes to see you, I guess the
2 question is why would he come to seek help and then not really
3 seek the help?

4 **MR. HAYNE:** Sorry, Your Honour, just the framing of that
5 question is really to the state of mind of ... or what Mr.
6 Desmond was thinking, and although Dr. Rahman is a psychiatrist,
7 I think it may be offside.

8 **THE COURT:** Let me hear the question again.

9 **MR. RODGERS:** The question is why would Corporal Desmond
10 go to the hospital to seek help and then ... well, the way I put
11 it was, and then not seek help.

12 **THE COURT:** And not seek help.

13 **MR. RODGERS:** Yes.

14 **THE COURT:** Well, it presupposes that when he went to
15 the hospital that he was not going for the purpose of seeking
16 help.

17 **MR. RODGERS:** Yeah, but I guess the ...

18 **THE COURT:** Okay. Versus, you know, he went to the
19 hospital to seek help, and at some point in time when he was
20 there, and for whatever reason he may have recalculated what his
21 plan might be without disclosing it.

22 You know he was looking at websites when he was at the

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1 hospital, leaves the next day, and you know he goes to Canadian
2 Tire and eventually you know he goes to Leaves & Limbs.

3 **MR. RODGERS:** Yeah.

4 **THE COURT:** This means he had that formulated in his
5 mind the night he went to the hospital because his web searches
6 occurred while he was there.

7 **MR. RODGERS:** Mmm.

8 **THE COURT:** So you've just got a bit of a problem with
9 the premise.

10 **MR. RODGERS:** That's right. I agree.

11 So, Doctor, I guess the question is whether ... can you
12 think of what Corporal Desmond's motivations might've been?
13 And, again, that's a difficult question to answer but ...

14 **THE COURT:** Motivations in relation to?

15 **MR. RODGERS:** Motivations in not being completely
16 forthcoming with his answers or his account to you, as it
17 appears that he wasn't.

18 **MR. HAYNE:** And, Your Honour, my objection still stands.
19 I mean I understand Dr. Rahman can give his views as a
20 psychiatrist and what he observed with respect to Mr. Desmond,
21 but I think probing into Mr. Desmond's motivations may be
22 offside in this case.

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1 **THE COURT:** Well, he may be able to ask the question if
2 you accept that the information that Mr. Desmond gave him wasn't
3 whole and was not complete, particularly in the context of what
4 he already was aware of through looking at Dr. Slayter's report.
5 Did that have any significance to him in terms of how he would
6 look at or assess Mr. Desmond on that particular evening?
7 Perhaps ask it that way.

8 **MR. RODGERS:** Well, the question I want to ask, Your
9 Honour, is, you know, what else might Corporal Desmond have been
10 ... looking back on it now, what does he think Corporal Desmond
11 might've been doing there?

12 **THE COURT:** That's really pretty speculative and I think
13 that's the objection, too, is that I think you can ask the
14 doctor how he might view something himself in terms of the
15 differences in the information and how that might affect his
16 assessment, but I think you're going too far to ask him to try
17 and read in motivation.

18 At the end of the day, if you think about it, one of the
19 most difficult tasks that this Inquiry will ever have is trying
20 to actually determine what thought processes were, if that's
21 even possible.

22 **MR. RODGERS:** If it's even ...

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1 **THE COURT:** Possible.

2 **MR. RODGERS:** If it's even possible, Dr. Rahman might be
3 one of the people in the best position to opine on it.

4 **THE COURT:** Now we would be doing, at the end of the
5 Inquiry, after we've heard all of the evidence. And what we're
6 going to get exposed to in terms of evidence, in effect, is
7 going to be a lot different than what the doctor has available
8 to him right now.

9 **MR. RODGERS:** Mmm.

10 **THE COURT:** So I might just leave it to you to speculate
11 as to what the thought process was in your summation at the end
12 when all the evidence is in.

13 **MR. RODGERS:** No. That's ...

14 **THE COURT:** You know, it's a little bit like having
15 Staff Sergeant Maccallum speculate what the trigger was.

16 **MR. RODGERS:** Yeah.

17 **THE COURT:** Right? That would be an opinion that was
18 developed by the RCMP and the people that he was dealing with,
19 but whether that would constitute a trigger and whether or not a
20 forensic psychiatrist might view it that way, I don't know.

21 So we should be careful about how much of that speculative
22 opinion creeps in because I don't think it's helpful.

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1 something along the lines of whether your clinical judgment was
2 the most important factor. And my question is, isn't it true
3 that your clinical judgment doesn't replace or override those
4 other things that I mentioned, but rather, your clinical
5 judgment represents the culmination of your consideration and
6 analysis of all those factors. Is that right?

7 **A.** That's correct.

8 **Q.** You were also asked why you didn't call Dr. Slayter
9 and your answer was that's not what you do as you were the
10 physician on call, but isn't it also fair to say that you would
11 expect that all of the pertinent information that Dr. Slayter
12 would've had would've already been written and encompassed in
13 his consultation report that you had already seen? Is that
14 right?

15 **A.** Correct. I will elaborate a little bit on that.
16 Being medical professionals, physicians, especially, we are the
17 ones who know what it's like being on call and not being on
18 call. It does have ... affects the quality of life and that's
19 how the medical system works.

20 **Q.** Okay.

21 **(12:12:00)**

22 **A.** The person on call is the one responsible. We see

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1 many patients who have seen many clinicians and we can make a
2 case, people can make a case, on calling each and every
3 physician each time a patient shows up. The on-call person is
4 the one that's not indi- ... it's not ... it does not happen in
5 the medical profession.

6 **Q.** Right. And Mr. Desmond was in front of you at the
7 time. You were doing the assessment.

8 **A.** Yes. Yeah.

9 **Q.** You were also asked about your experience with respect
10 to veterans in the United States from the Afghanistan War and I
11 believe your response was that you had seen some, but not many,
12 or something along that lines?

13 **A.** Yeah. Afghanistan War was not ... by the time I was
14 done there, they were just a couple of years into non-conflict
15 and they were trickling in, few of them. I have not seen too
16 Afghan veterans. Mostly from Iraq conflict, Vietnam, Korean
17 conflict, and so forth, but Vietnam was the major share.

18 **Q.** Yes, no, but certainly some from the Iraq War as well.

19 **A.** Yes. Yes.

20 **Q.** Yeah. And is it fair to say that from a psychiatric
21 perspective that the particular theatre of war is not
22 necessarily the most significant factor? It's rather the

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Mr. Hayne

1 patient's presentation and perhaps the fact that they had seen
2 combat?

3 **A.** Yes, absolutely. Like these are the questions that we
4 ask, you know, and not everybody suffers from PTSD in having a
5 military background. It depends upon one's coping skills. Some
6 veterans have experienced more exposure to trauma and active
7 theatre and they can manage whereas some cannot.

8 **Q.** Right.

9 **A.** So it just depends. Each case is different.

10 **Q.** So I just want to switch gears a little bit now just
11 to get through some basic information just to make sure that the
12 Inquiry has the basic background information because you talked
13 about inpatients and outpatients, and just for clarity,
14 outpatients are patients who come to the hospital periodically
15 to meet with a psychiatrist in this context. But, otherwise,
16 they go home and live in the community. Is that right?

17 **A.** Correct.

18 **Q.** Yeah. And inpatients are those who stay and
19 effectively are living out of a hospital, at least for a period
20 of time, as compared to outpatients who go home at the end of
21 the day.

22 **A.** Correct.

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1 **Q.** Or after their visit, to be more specific.

2 **A.** Yes.

3 **Q.** Okay. And with respect to inpatients, there's two
4 classes. Is it fair to say that there's a class of people who
5 are admitted who can benefit from the inpatient care and they're
6 there voluntarily? That's one class.

7 **A.** Yes. Correct.

8 **Q.** And then there's the second class of those patients -
9 and we've gone through the requirements under **IPTA** - but they're
10 the second class who are there as inpatients who are there
11 involuntarily, against their will.

12 **A.** Yes.

13 **Q.** Okay. And you were aware of the **IPTA** and its
14 provisions when you saw Mr. Desmond. Correct?

15 **A.** Absolutely.

16 **Q.** And you had used **IPTA** to involuntarily admit other
17 patients prior to your encounter with Mr. Desmond. Correct?

18 **A.** All the time.

19 **Q.** Yeah. And I think there was discussions about the
20 numbers of one ... you may use it one to two times per week, but
21 at any one time there may be two or three patients in St.
22 Martha's under **IPTA**. Correct?

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1 **A.** Correct.

2 **Q.** And is it fair to say that you would not have
3 hesitated to apply or invoke **IPTA** in the case of Mr. Desmond if
4 you believed that it was indicated. Correct?

5 **A.** That's correct.

6 **Q.** Your assessment was that it was not indicated.
7 Correct?

8 **A.** Absolutely.

9 **Q.** Okay.

10 **A.** Correct.

11 **Q.** Just want, again, a little bit of background
12 information, talk a little bit about PTSD. PTSD is a recognized
13 psychiatric disorder. Correct?

14 **A.** Correct.

15 **Q.** It's recognized in the DSM-5. That's the manual of
16 psychiatric disorders?

17 **A.** Yes, Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of ...

18 **Q.** And in general ... and appreciating that every patient
19 is unique. But, in general, the treatment of PTSD may be a
20 combination of medication and therapy. Correct?

21 **A.** Correct.

22 **Q.** And this may be called sort of a biopsychosocial

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1 approach?

2 **A.** Yes. That's what we ... the modern training of
3 psychiatry is treating people with this model.

4 **Q.** Okay. And so the "bio" may refer to the medication
5 and ...

6 **A.** Yes.

7 **Q.** ... that component. "Psychosocial" may be the therapy
8 component.

9 **A.** Yes. That's the ... the "psycho" is the therapy,
10 which is dealt with the psychotherapist, and the "social" piece
11 is also integrated in that.

12 **Q.** Okay. So in that ...

13 **A.** Yeah.

14 **Q.** ... treatment plan, if I can call it that, the role of
15 a psychiatrist is to provide the diagnosis but not necessarily
16 to conduct the therapy. Correct?

17 **A.** That's usually the case.

18 **Q.** Right. The therapy would usually be provided by a
19 psychologist or therapist or other ... some other form of
20 regulated health professional.

21 **A.** Correct.

22 **Q.** Okay. And in the case of veterans, for example, in

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1 the Antigonish area, that may be provided through an OSI-
2 appointed therapist or some local therapist in the Antigonish
3 area. That's right?

4 **A.** Yes.

5 **Q.** And once that's underway, the role of the psychiatrist
6 ... or in the case of ... if not followed by a psychiatrist, the
7 role of a family doctor is to manage prescriptions and monitor
8 their mental health. Is that fair?

9 **A.** Correct.

10 **Q.** And just in terms of patients and ... who have ... we
11 heard about the prevalence of suicidal ideation in your
12 practice. In terms of patients and ... sorry. We also heard
13 about the levels low, moderate, severe. In terms of patients
14 who have a low level of suicidal ideation ... again, every
15 patient is different, but it may be appropriate from a
16 psychiatric point of view to have those types of patients live
17 in the community and be seen on an outpatient basis.

18 **A.** Absolutely. Psychiatry is mostly community based ...

19 **Q.** Right. Okay.

20 **A.** ... and all these patients are managed as an
21 outpatient.

22 **Q.** And the same may be true for patients with a moderate

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1 level of suicidal ideation and could still be ... could possibly
2 still be appropriate from a psychiatric point of view to have
3 them live in the community and be seen on an outpatient basis.

4 **A.** Correct.

5 **Q.** And I just want to go through and put some of the
6 record to you to see if you agree.

7 The triage nurse recorded that Mr. Desmond was calm and
8 speaking quietly. And do you agree with that from your
9 assessment? That was fitting when you saw Mr. Desmond?

10 **A.** That was my impression, as well.

11 **Q.** And Dr. Clark ... and I think we've gone through this
12 but I just want to confirm. Dr. Clark wrote, "No suicidal
13 ideation, no homicidal ideation." And that was your assessment,
14 as well?

15 **A.** Yes.

16 **Q.** And Dr. Clark wrote, "No evidence of psychosis." That
17 was your assessment, as well?

18 **A.** Absolutely.

19 **Q.** As part of your psychiatric assessment, is it true
20 that you try to develop a therapeutic or a psychiatric rapport
21 with a patient?

22 **A.** That is our goal.

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1 **Q.** Yeah.

2 **A.** And I think I was able to achieve that.

3 **Q.** And, in fact, with Mr. Desmond, earlier you used the
4 word ... you said that you had a connection with him.

5 **A.** Yes.

6 **Q.** And in your experience with the VA Medical Centre in
7 the United States, is it fair to say that you got to ... I think
8 the word you used earlier, that you became familiar with the
9 lingo that veterans may use.

10 **A.** Yes.

11 **Q.** And so is it fair to say that you were able to apply
12 that in the case of Mr. Desmond and that helped you build the
13 therapeutic rapport with him?

14 **A.** I think that was really helpful.

15 **Q.** Yes. And in that rapport, you found him to be
16 engaging and forthcoming. Correct?

17 **A.** Yes.

18 **Q.** And that's one of the reasons why your note in this
19 particular instance, as you said was a little bit maybe longer
20 than normal.

21 **A.** Yes.

22 **Q.** Your assessment was that his thought process appeared

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1 to be logical and goal oriented?

2 **A.** Correct.

3 **Q.** And he was future looking?

4 **A.** Correct.

5 **Q.** He was coherent and logical and he comprehended you?

6 **A.** Yes.

7 **Q.** When you're asked about the prescriptions that ... or,
8 rather, the medications that were provided for Mr. Desmond, and
9 some you had struck out with a line, I believe your evidence was
10 that he ... you mentioned the medication to him and he suggested
11 that he tried it before and it didn't agree with him. That was
12 his subjective report back to you. Correct?

13 **A.** Yes. And we ... and usually in terms of medication,
14 we do depend and take this into regard, the subjectiveness of
15 what worked in the past for a patient, what does not. So their
16 recollection of ... that he had been on these and it didn't
17 agree ...

18 **(12:22:01)**

19 **Q.** Right. And so ...

20 **A.** ... and wanted to be ... yeah.

21 **Q.** Yeah. And I think you answered my question, but it's
22 part of your psychiatric practice when providing medications to

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Mr. Hayne

1 a patient, you rely at least in part on their subjective report
2 to you as to the impact of those medications.

3 **A.** Correct.

4 **Q.** Just in terms of the discharge or when he left
5 hospital, and we discussed how that was a plan that had been put
6 in place the night before and ... Mr. Desmond indicated to you
7 that he was going to follow up with Dr. Slayter. Correct?

8 **A.** I asked him that.

9 **Q.** Right. And we know that he ... or ... take that back.
10 And did you also ask him regarding follow up with a therapist?

11 **A.** Yes.

12 **Q.** Mr. Macdonald asked you yesterday about steps that you
13 could have done. But in not meeting the requirements of **IPTA**,
14 which was your evidence, is it your understanding that you had
15 no legal means, as you understand it, to restrain Mr. Desmond or
16 to keep him against his will? Correct?

17 **A.** Correct.

18 **Q.** And, regardless, you didn't think that was indicated.
19 Correct?

20 **A.** Correct.

21 **Q.** And there was also a question about your contact
22 potentially with collateral sources of information, including

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1 Shanna Desmond. And you understood that with his refusal of
2 consent, and I think your evidence was that safety didn't
3 override that in this case, you had no other means to reach out
4 to Shanna Desmond. Correct?

5 **A.** That would be correct.

6 **Q.** Okay. The last topic to cover with you this morning,
7 Dr. Rahman, is there was some information that you weren't aware
8 of at the time and I just ... and feel free if you can't
9 comment. But I want to put certain information to you to see
10 what your impression was because these things occurred ... at
11 least the first things I'm going to speak to you, they occurred
12 while you were seeing Mr. Desmond, at least that's the
13 understanding that we were provided with. And they are text
14 messages from Mr. Desmond's phone to Shanna Desmond's phone on
15 January 1st, 2017. So just to put in context, Mr. Desmond ...
16 you saw Mr. Desmond sometime around 7:45 p.m., something like
17 that, for ...

18 **A.** Yes.

19 **Q.** ... 30 to 40 minutes. That would have been 19:35, in
20 that nomenclature. There's a text from Mr. Desmond's phone to
21 Shanna Desmond's phone at 20:23, so 23 minutes after 8 p.m. It
22 says, "Hey, just wanted to say I'm sorry for yelling." I'm

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1 going to put some more to you here. There's a text at 20:28, "I
2 am sorry I put my hands up to you. I would never hit you. I am
3 sorry for yelling our business out there. Apologize for Aaliyah
4 to hear me outburst. I'm safe now. Good night. XOXO. Love you
5 Shanna."

6 And all ... there's two more, but just stop there. From
7 your view as a psychiatrist and having seen Mr. Desmond at or
8 around that same time, do you believe that these texts are
9 consistent with how Mr. Desmond presented in front of you?

10 **A.** Yes. It sounds he's remorseful and also regretful of
11 what happened. He did endorse that. And it goes along, I
12 believe, with this text.

13 **Q.** And, similarly, there's two more texts, one at 20:34,
14 "Please let me know if I can come home to you. I was out of my
15 mind. I'm calm. I should have stayed calm and I said some
16 hurtful things to you. Please forgive me." Is that also
17 consistent with what Mr. Desmond told you and his presentation
18 in front of you?

19 **A.** Yes.

20 **Q.** Okay. And, lastly, at 20:39, "Shanna, I'm sorry for
21 my actions. If you have time, text me. I am getting ready to
22 fall asleep." Similar? Consistent with ...

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1 **A.** Similar. Pretty clear text messages.

2 **Q.** And from a psychiatric perspective and feel free,
3 because I was objecting earlier to similar questions, but feel
4 free to ... if you have issues. But from a psychiatric
5 perspective ... and, again, based on what you saw of Mr. Desmond
6 at or around the same time and these text messages, would you
7 ... is it fair to say that these text messages do not
8 demonstrate someone with psychosis? It's correct that these
9 would not ...

10 **A.** That's ...

11 **Q.** ... reflect psychosis?

12 **A.** That's correct. It does not reflect psychosis.

13 **Q.** And they don't reflect suicidality?

14 **A.** They don't reflect suicidality.

15 **Q.** And they don't reflect homicidality?

16 **A.** They don't reflect homicidality.

17 **Q.** Is it fair to say these texts are consistent with
18 coherent thought?

19 **A.** Yes.

20 **Q.** They're consistent with forward-looking thought?

21 **A.** Yes.

22 **Q.** And your evidence earlier was that from your

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1 perspective ... and, again, correct me if I mischaracterize
2 this, but that you believe that his status changed after he left
3 hospital and after he saw you. Correct?

4 **A.** That's what I believe.

5 **Q.** And Mr. Desmond's change of status, according to your
6 belief, could have been brought on by subsequent interactions
7 with other individuals. Is that fair?

8 **A.** There is certainly a possibility.

9 **Q.** And we have phone calls on January 2nd and is it ...
10 just to get the time right, Mr. Desmond left hospital sometime
11 around 11 a.m.? Is that ...

12 **A.** I believe so.

13 **Q.** Something like that? There is a phone call from Mr.
14 Desmond's phone to Shanna Desmond's phone at 10:52 which lasted
15 2 minutes and 13 seconds. But then there's a subsequent call at
16 12:56. So that would have been after he had left hospital.

17 **A.** Probably. Yes.

18 **Q.** And that call ... and I think the evidence was ... you
19 weren't here but ...

20 **A.** Yeah.

21 **Q.** ... we don't know if that was a voice interaction or
22 maybe a voicemail message. But it's listed as being 6 minutes

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1 and 42 seconds. And is it possible that there may have been
2 something on that phone call, or some other interaction, like
3 you said, that may have resulted in the change of status that
4 you believe happened?

5 **A.** I believe that.

6 **Q.** Okay. Those are my questions. Thank you very much.

7 **A.** Thank you.

8 **MR. MACDONALD:** Your Honour, I had a question arising from
9 Mr. Hayne's questioning, which is new material. I wondered if I
10 might ask it. Relates to the texts.

11 **THE COURT:** I'll let you ... just give me a minute, Mr.
12 Macdonald.

13 **MR. MACDONALD:** Sure.

14

15 **EXAMINATION BY THE COURT**

16 **(12:31:06)**

17 **THE COURT:** Following along with the questions that Mr.
18 Hayne asked you ... okay? So he takes you up to 12:56 on
19 January the 2nd or thereabouts. You were talking to Corporal
20 Desmond about his ... about the plan, he was going to do at
21 least two things. One was to follow up with Dr. Slayter.

22 **A.** Yeah.

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Examination by the Court

1 Q. And the ... because he had missed an appointment with
2 Dr. Slayter.

3 A. Correct.

4 Q. And I think you've become aware that on January the
5 3rd, sometime proximate to noon, I'm going to use that as the
6 time, that he had gone to the outpatient mental health clinic
7 and, in fact, had rescheduled the appointment that he'd missed
8 with Dr. Slayter in December and had it rescheduled for January
9 the 18th.

10 A. Correct.

11 Q. Okay. So that was him following through on that part
12 of the plan that he said he would follow through on.

13 A. Absolutely.

14 Q. Okay. One of the other things that he said he would
15 do is he said he would follow through with his therapist.

16 A. Yes.

17 Q. Okay.

18 A. Yes.

19 **(12:31:58)**

20 Q. And I think we'll eventually hear some evidence, and
21 I'm going to suggest to you that this is correct that, in fact,
22 also on January 3rd, in the afternoon, he did, in fact, call his

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Examination by the Court

1 therapist and had a conversation ... a lengthy conversation for
2 perhaps over 20 minutes with his therapist that day. So that
3 would ... he was also following through with his plan ...

4 **A.** Yes.

5 **Q.** ... and the plan that he had agreed to.

6 **A.** Absolutely.

7 **Q.** So would those be the same kind of events that would
8 suggest to you that he was still forward thinking?

9 **A.** Forward thinking and forthcoming also. He did follow
10 through.

11 **Q.** Okay. We have a video of Mr. ... Corporal Desmond in
12 the ... in a retail shop called Leaves & Limbs sometime
13 proximate to 4 o'clock on January the 3rd. Have you ever seen
14 that video?

15 **A.** No. I've not seen the video.

16 **Q.** All right. Thank you.

17 **THE COURT:** So I'm just going to leave that for a
18 moment. Mr. Macdonald ...

19 **MR. MACDONALD:** Oh, thank you very much, Your Honour.

20 **THE COURT:** ... what's your question? Okay.

21

22

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Cross-Examination by Mr. Macdonald

1 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. MACDONALD

2 (12:33:49)

3 MR. MACDONALD: Good morning again, Dr. Rahman.

4 A. Yes.

5 Q. I won't be very long. So Mr. Hayne took you through
6 texts that Mr. Desmond was sending, while he was at St.
7 Martha's, to his wife. And it's the one about ... as I
8 understand the quote ... I've seen it. I've read it before.
9 "I'm sorry I put my hands up to you. I would never hit you."
10 If you had known about that text being sent and those words
11 being used when you interacted with him, would that have given
12 you any more pause for concern in terms of the domestic violence
13 potential?

14 A. Yes.

15 Q. Thank you.

16 THE COURT: Thank you. Before I turn to Mr. Murray and
17 Mr. Russell, anyone else have any additional questions? No?
18 Thank you. Mr. Murray, Mr. Russell?

19 MR. MURRAY: Was Your Honour planning on taking a lunch
20 break?

21 THE COURT: So it's 12:30. I know that I mentioned to
22 counsel the other day that we were going to have to break early

DISCUSSION

1 because it's a Wednesday and there's a council meeting today.
2 And I was advised that there's actually a meeting before council
3 meeting. So we realistically have to break at 2:30 today. So I
4 think we're going to take a break for lunch. Take an hour.
5 Come back at 1:30.

6 Mr. Murray may have some questions for Dr. Rahman. I have
7 a few questions for Dr. Rahman and, in fact, I'll tell counsel,
8 in case you want to have a look at it in the interim, is the
9 video from Leaves & Limbs, I'm going to make arrangements to
10 have that played in court this afternoon while we have Dr.
11 Rahman here and let him have an opportunity to review it. And
12 then I might have a couple questions for him and if counsel have
13 any questions follow up to that. And then we will be out of
14 here for 2:30 at that point in time. So I expect we'll take up
15 the rest of the afternoon dealing with that bit of evidence.

16 So if there are witnesses here that were expecting to
17 testify this afternoon, I think they can be released and plan on
18 having them here tomorrow morning, subject to whatever
19 discussions we have about tomorrow and what the weather might
20 bring. We'll adjourn until 1:30. Thank you, Doctor. Thank
21 you.

22 **COURT RECESSED (12:36 HRS)**

DISCUSSION

1 **COURT RESUMED (13:36 HRS)**

2 **THE COURT:** What's the exhibit number on this?

3 **THE CLERK:** What exhibit number? It hasn't been
4 entered, Your Honour, as an exhibit but it's Inquiry number 68.

5 **THE COURT:** Right. This is Inquiry document number 68.
6 It's going to be entered as the next numbered exhibit. We'll
7 get that updated. I wanted Dr. Rahman to see it.

8 **EXHIBIT P-000112 - INQUIRY DOCUMENT 68 - SECURITY VIDEO FROM**
9 **LEAVES & LIMBS - JANUARY 3, 2017**

10

11 **EXAMINATION BY THE COURT**

12 **(13:37:03)**

13 **THE COURT:** Dr. Rahman, I'm just going to give you a
14 little background on this. This is a security video from an
15 establishment called Leaves & Limbs. It was obtained following
16 these events. And you'll see that the date on the time of the
17 ... the date is January 1st and the time is 4 o'clock. We'll
18 blow that up in a minute.

19 **A.** Yeah. Sure. Yeah.

20 **Q.** All right. I can tell you that the ...

21 **MR. MURRAY:** Your Honour, you may have said January 1st.
22 It's January 3rd.

DISCUSSION

1 **THE COURT:** Sorry. January 3rd.

2 **MR. MURRAY:** 3rd. Yeah.

3 **THE COURT:** Right. Thank you, Sorry. It was January
4 3rd. This is the location at which Corporal Desmond purchased
5 the firearm that was used later that day. We know, I think
6 generally, from the documents that have been provided, some of
7 the other evidence called, was received by the RCMP, a 9-1-1
8 call, sometime proximate to 6 o'clock that same day. So from 4
9 o'clock to 6 o'clock, we're probably two hours out from the
10 event. And this is after ... later in that day when we know
11 that Corporal Desmond had also rescheduled his mental health
12 appointment for January the 18th and had spoken to his therapist
13 that afternoon as well.

14 And, generally, we have him in the store and you'll see his
15 ... there's no audio. This is all video. So I was just going
16 to ask you to have a look at it and I'm interested in whether
17 you have any observations to make about the way he moves, his
18 apparent demeanour in the context of whether or not you could
19 offer any opinion as to whether or not he was exhibiting, just
20 from his behaviour that you could see, anything that might
21 suggest either psychosis or agitation, because it's so close in
22 time to the shootings.

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Examination by the Court

1 I can tell you that our expectation is, as well, that the
2 person that's seen behind the counter will testify and has
3 provided information to suggest that his interaction with
4 Corporal Desmond at that time was not other than he would expect
5 of somebody in that situation, looking at firearms and buying
6 firearms and having discussions and engaging in discussions
7 about firearms. He appeared to be knowledgeable about what he
8 was talking about. We'd expect that, given the nature of his
9 training. All right? So we'll let you watch it. We'll play it
10 through. If you want to see it a second time or if there's some
11 reason to stop it, just let us know.

12 A. Sure.

13 Q. All right?

14 A. Okay.

15 Q. So that's the purpose of it ...

16 A. Okay.

17 Q. ... at this time. All right. Thank you. So if we
18 could play the video and maybe bring it into full screen.

19 **VIDEO COMMENCED (13:41 HRS)**

20 Q. It's about 15 or 16 minutes long.

21 **VIDEO PLAYING**

22 Q. Thank you. You can stop it there.

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Examination by the Court

1 **VIDEO CONCLUDED (14:03 HRS)**

2 **Q.** I realize that that's the first time you've seen that
3 and it's ... I thought it was 15 minutes. It's more like 20
4 minutes but ...

5 **A.** Yes.

6 **Q.** ... it would give you an opportunity to have watched
7 some of Corporal Desmond's actions on that day at that time.

8 **A.** Yes, Your Honour.

9 **Q.** What do you see there?

10 **A.** So my general mental status without interacting with
11 him, just watching him on the video, would be that he appeared
12 to be calm and composed. He appeared to be engaging with the
13 business owner. He was able to concentrate and decisive also in
14 terms of selecting ... in terms of, first of all, browsing and
15 looking around. He picked about four guns and then he came back
16 to the third gun that he had picked. So that clearly shows that
17 he was coherent. He was decisive. He was not in a haste. He
18 was not in a hurry. He made sure that the business owner was
19 able to engage with him enough that he looked as a serious
20 buyer.

21 There was no psychomotor agitation or retardation.

22 Initially, he was ... his hands were in his pocket. He would

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Examination by the Court

1 take it out. He would walk. He would browse. In terms of
2 selection, the ammunition, he again looked around two or three
3 different kind of ammunition packets and was able to make a
4 decision and select one of them, so decisive.

5 Q. After he was looking at the ammunition, it appears
6 like they have a discussion about a case for the rifle.

7 A. Yes. Yeah. So the case piece would be again in the
8 same line. Looked around couple of cases but eventually did not
9 buy a case. Wrapped around in that ... the ...

10 Q. It's almost like ...

11 A. So then ...

12 Q. ... a shrink wrap.

13 A. Yeah. And ... but, at the same time, he was cognizant
14 enough that he had the owner to put the gun case back into the
15 plastic bag and put it back where it came from. So it takes a
16 lot of coordination, articulateness, and able to complete a
17 financial deal there, purchasing a firearm with the ammunition.
18 He had probably enough knowledge of what he was doing. New guns
19 ... he looked at the new guns initially, first, I believe, and
20 then there were used guns. He went on to the used guns section,
21 that was a decision also.

22 His wallet was lying ... he gave, I think, the license or

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1 whatever he gave and then his wallet was lying. He was
2 attentive enough to go back and pick up his wallet and put it
3 back in his pocket. He didn't forget it. Again, no psychomotor
4 agitation/retardation, not in a hurry. The dealing that it
5 appeared to be with the business owner seemed to be that he was
6 cognitively intact to proceed with his decision and make this
7 transaction happen.

8 So I cannot comment on his speech or other thought
9 processes at the time, but it appeared to be a normal buy,
10 buying a gun, in the right state of mind. There was somebody
11 else in the shop initially. That gentleman left and there's
12 another one who came in. It did not bother him. He was pretty
13 ... remained pretty calm and composed and was able to continue
14 with the interaction with the business owner. It did not
15 distract him. He took his time. That would be my assessment.

16 **Q.** All right. Thank you.

17 **THE COURT:** Does anyone have any questions? No? Thank
18 you. Mr. Murray or Mr. Russell, you may have had some questions
19 of Dr. Rahman other than the video, so go ahead.

20

21

22

DR. FAISAL RAHMAN, Examination by the Court**RE-DIRECT EXAMINATION**

1
2 (14:10:17)

3 **MR. MURRAY:** Just a couple of points on your earlier
4 cross-examination. Just for clarification for my own benefit,
5 you had said in answer to a question that you believed that
6 Lionel Desmond's status, that was the word you used, had changed
7 between his release ... or his discharge, I should say, on
8 January 2nd and the events of January 3rd. When you use that
9 term "status", are you referring to a mental health status and a
10 mental health diagnosis? Is that the way I understand that term
11 or is it more general or something different?

12 **A.** I think I used the word status change in the
13 intervening period.

14 **Q.** Yes.

15 **A.** And so I cannot say for sure in terms of ... I think
16 it's a mixture of mental status and his actions. In my view,
17 "status" also would be how I saw him and perceived him, how the
18 ER doctor saw him/perceived him, how the staff saw him and
19 perceived him. That status was different than what eventually
20 ... ultimately what happened. I cannot comment on his state of
21 mind and status at the time but that status that we saw was not
22 the status that somebody would proceed to engage in these

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1 actions.

2 Q. No. No, that's fair. I guess I wanted to understand
3 how you were using the term "status", just to understand.

4 A. Yeah.

5 Q. So it's more than just mental health diagnosis.
6 You're talking about his whole presentation when you use the
7 term "status"?

8 A. Yes. Yes.

9 Q. Okay.

10 A. And, again, I would add here this would be something
11 that a forensic psychiatrist who has an expertise in capacity to
12 stand trial and criminal responsibility and they are very
13 trained to know and understand what might have been going on in
14 his thought process at the time. I think ... I don't ... I'm
15 not that experienced or don't have that expertise.

16 Q. Yes.

17 A. I have never worked in the forensic system.

18 Q. Yes.

19 A. This is almost like a forensic situation. I think I
20 would not be able to comment.

21 **(14:13:05)**

22 Q. And a forensic psychiatrist may be able to express

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1 those types of ...

2 **A.** I hope so.

3 **Q.** Just in terms of what you saw in the video, just in
4 terms of demeanour and the way that Lionel Desmond was acting
5 and moving, how did that compare to when you saw him on January
6 1st and 2nd?

7 **A.** This was a different situation. This was ...

8 **Q.** Understood.

9 **A.** ... a different environment. When I saw him, he was
10 in a room with a comfortable couch and so forth. He was
11 sitting. He was ... but his affect here was ... it was
12 relatively flat as compared to how I saw him and perceived him.
13 He was more reactive at the time.

14 **Q.** Okay.

15 **A.** But he appeared ... his face appeared to be ... there
16 were not too many expressions.

17 **Q.** Yes. On the video.

18 **A.** On the video.

19 **Q.** So at least something of an assessment of someone's
20 affect, you could get without actually hearing him talk, just
21 like looking ...

22 **A.** Yes.

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1 **Q.** ... at his face?

2 **A.** Yeah.

3 **Q.** Okay.

4 **A.** Because when he turned around, I looked at his face
5 and tried to make an assessment as much as I could.

6 **Q.** All right. I just have a couple of other general
7 questions just before we conclude. The ... when Lionel Desmond
8 attended at hospital, it was obviously after hours and it would
9 be, well, a holiday as well.

10 **A.** Yeah.

11 **Q.** Had it been a weekday and through the day and he had
12 been seen by the crisis team, is it your understanding that they
13 would have completed a risk assessment tool when they saw him or
14 would they have ... like physically completed the paper, do you
15 think or ...

16 **A.** Yes.

17 **Q.** Okay.

18 **A.** And that had happened on ...

19 **Q.** Understood.

20 **A.** ... October 21st that ...

21 **Q.** Right. It happened on October 24th.

22 **A.** It would have been the same procedure.

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1 **Q.** And it would have been done again.

2 **A.** Yes.

3 **Q.** Okay.

4 **A.** Absolutely.

5 **Q.** If a person attends at one of the other smaller
6 hospitals in this region ...

7 **A.** Yeah.

8 **Q.** ... they wouldn't have access to the mental health
9 crisis team.

10 **A.** No.

11 **Q.** Okay. Would they have access to the mental health
12 crisis team at St. Martha's?

13 **A.** Yes.

14 **Q.** How would that work? Would they be asked to go there
15 or would the crisis team come to them or how would that work?

16 **A.** So it depends how they present in the community
17 hospital like Guysborough or Sherbrooke or Strait Richmond or
18 Canso, so forth. They are assessed by the ER physician. Triage
19 system is the same, but the ER physician ... they're assessed.
20 And then the ER physician will call during the daytime when the
21 crisis team is on. They will call the crisis team. Or they can
22 talk to the psychiatrist directly also. So that is an option.

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1 It depends upon how one presents in the community hospital.
2 They can be either transported with the family or mostly it is
3 via EHS.

4 **Q.** Okay.

5 **A.** Because they are ... there's enough ... if they meet
6 the criteria in terms of suicidality or agitation or there are a
7 lot of overdoses and stuff like that, then they're transported
8 by EHS and they are brought to the ER at St. Martha's Regional
9 Hospital daytime until 5, 6 o'clock ... it's until 6 o'clock,
10 but by 5 o'clock the crisis team stops to see ... take new
11 patients. They're done at 6.

12 So during the daytime they will be assessed by the crisis
13 and then a psychiatrist will be get involved, bypassing the ER
14 physician at St. Martha's because they're already seen by ER
15 physician at the community hospital. If it's ... this is during
16 their daytime hours and if it's a weekend or holidays or after
17 hours, the physician will directly contact the on-call
18 psychiatrist.

19 **Q.** Yes.

20 **A.** And they would then decide, the on-call psychiatrist,
21 whether the patient would come to the ER at St. Martha's and
22 they will be assessed there as a consult service, or if there's

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1 enough evidence or if we know somebody then there's an option of
2 directly admitting patient from the Strait Richmond via
3 psychiatrist to the inpatient mental health unit and the
4 psychiatrist assesses them on the unit.

5 **Q.** So it is very much a case-by-case ...

6 **A.** Case-by-case. If it's too ... we have our 24/7
7 service, but if it's too late at night and the patient is
8 stable, then there's a possibility it's more of a direct
9 admission to the inpatient unit and the psychiatrist can give
10 orders on the phone at night and will see them the next day.
11 And ... but they do go through all the nursing assessment on the
12 unit.

13 **Q.** Right.

14 **A.** If the nurse feels that they need psychiatrist at any
15 hour, then the psychiatrist ... or the on-call person from
16 Psychiatry is available to come to the hospital.

17 **Q.** Okay. You had said ... I think there have been some
18 questions about ... we've talked about the suicide risk
19 assessment tool and that there isn't really a homicide risk
20 assessment tool or no tool to assess the risk of homicidality,
21 if that's the correct word.

22 **A.** Yeah.

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1 **Q.** You're not aware of any such tool being developed or
2 any ...

3 **A.** I'm not aware.

4 **Q.** All right.

5 **A.** It's very rare that we come across patients but ...
6 the tool is not there but the crisis team and the psychiatrist,
7 we are trained to ask those kind of questions. And if there's
8 any risk that they would meet the criteria of involuntary
9 hospitalization also and they are admitted and ... so there is
10 ... so that's how ...

11 **Q.** Right.

12 **A.** ... we would conduct business.

13 **Q.** And just one last question.

14 **A.** Yeah.

15 **Q.** The ... there were some questions about the use of
16 cannabis and I understand that ...

17 **A.** Yeah.

18 **Q.** ... you're not an expert in that or you don't
19 prescribe it yourself. If you're able to answer this, Can the
20 use of cannabis either as medical marijuana or else ... or not,
21 can that interfere with other forms of psychiatric treatment
22 like psychotherapy or cognitive behavioural therapy if someone

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1 is using ... actively using marijuana?

2 **A.** Absolutely.

3 **Q.** If someone comes to you and is a candidate for
4 psychotherapy, let's say, and you know that they are a consumer
5 of cannabis, would you prefer that they stop or would you give
6 them any advice in that regard?

7 **A.** We would advise them to refrain from smoking
8 marijuana. It's up to the patient.

9 **Q.** And is that also true of a product that was low in THC
10 and perhaps higher in CBD or ...

11 **A.** It's person to person. It depends how one is
12 reacting.

13 **Q.** Yes.

14 **A.** So it just depends.

15 **Q.** Right.

16 **A.** And different people respond differently, and amount
17 they are smoking, the frequency they are smoking. And it's not
18 only marijuana. It could be polysubstance abuse also.

19 **Q.** Yes.

20 **A.** Alcohol inclusive.

21 **Q.** Yes.

22 **A.** We ... our message to the patients is that their

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1 brains are vulnerable. They cannot tolerate these illicit drugs
2 or legal drugs or alcohol and we advise them to refrain from it.
3 However, marijuana use is very common. We don't restrict their
4 access to our services, even if they're in therapy and patients
5 are using, but they're managing themselves. They can manage in
6 the community. It's not affecting their occupational or social
7 or any other important area of functioning. We don't put any
8 restrictions, but our advice is always that ... to minimize or
9 refrain. They also interfere with the psychiatric medications
10 also.

11 Q. It can?

12 A. It can.

13 Q. Yes.

14 A. It can. And so that is usually our advice.

15 Q. Okay. All right. Thank you, Dr. Rahman.

16 A. Thank you.

17 **THE COURT:** All right. Thank you, Dr. Rahman. I think
18 we're finished with your evidence. Appreciate your time. Thank
19 you very much and you're free to go for now.

20 **DR. RAHMAN:** Thank you, Your Honour.

21 **THE COURT:** Thank you.

22 **WITNESS WITHDRAWS (14:22 HRS)**

DISCUSSION

1 **THE COURT:** This is the evidence ... that's the end of
2 the evidence for the day. I think we're going to adjourn for a
3 few minutes. I'm going to ask counsel to have a discussion
4 about a start time tomorrow. I understand there's been some
5 discussion whether we start at 9:30 tomorrow. I know there's
6 some weather expected. I don't know how that impacts on
7 everyone in the room. So you should have a discussion. I'm
8 prepared to consider whatever the consensus position is in terms
9 of starting. We'll adjourn for maybe ten minutes. You can have
10 a discussion and we'll decide. Thank you.

11 **COURT RECESSED (14:23 HRS)**

12 **COURT RESUMED (14:29 HRS)**

13 **THE COURT:** Thank you. I understand that counsel had an
14 opportunity to have a discussion with regard to continuation of
15 these proceedings tomorrow and there would be a consensus that,
16 in all the circumstances given counsel's travel and what the
17 expectations for weather are, particularly for tomorrow, that
18 we're going to adjourn today and we will resume on Monday
19 morning at 9:30. All right? Thank you.

20 **COURT ADJOURNED (14:30 HRS)**

21

22

CERTIFICATE OF COURT TRANSCRIBER

I, Margaret Livingstone, Court Transcriber, hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and accurate transcript of the evidence given in this matter, **re Desmond Fatality Inquiry**, taken by way of electronic digital recording.



Margaret Livingstone

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February 10, 2020